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VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MAY 10, 1893. No. 109.

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Are prepared to fill orders in any quantity for **Pure Bone Fertilizer**, either **Crushed, Coarse, Ground, Meal or Flour.** Would also call attention to the fact that they have prepared a special **Lawn Fertilizer.** Ask your grocer for it. Sold in 2½, 5 and 10lb. packages.

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OOLACHANS
FULL ROED.
THIS SEASON'S.
FROM NAAS RIVER

This delicious fish is just to hand, and packed in small packages suitable for family trade.
For sale by
HENRY SAUNDERS.

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FREE Hot Clam Nectar at Colonial Metropole bar; also oysters in any style at the restaurant, 31-33 Johnson street, Colonial Hotel. my10-1t

FOR SALE—160 acres good land; level; no rock; on Cowichan river; 15 acres cleared; price $4 per acre; easy terms. Address B, Times Office. May 10-1t

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LOST—Two horses, one large black horse, and a dark bay with blanket and halter on. Finder will be suitably rewarded by returning same to W. G. Bowman, Broad street. May 9-tf

ENGLISHMAN—Just arrived, willing to make himself useful as clerk, driving out with goods, gardening, or any position of trust; best testimonials. Apply to Burton, Times Office. May 9-4t

FURNISHED TWO-STORY HOUSE to let. On car line, James Bay. Address P.O. box 595. ap25-tf

NOTICE

IS hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, 10th May, 1893. td

NOTICE.

IS hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting to be held in June, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me to sell wines, spirits, beer and other fermented liquors in the premises known as the "Sanitia Hotel," situated on Store street, Victoria, B.C.

Dated May 10th, 1893.

JOHN TURNER,
Applicant.

TENDERS

Tenders will be received up to noon of 31st inst. for the purchase of 50 acres of first-class farming land at Cadboro Bay. There is a new ten-roomed house, barns, out-houses, etc., on the premises, which is part of the estate of the late J. M. Wilson. This is one of the most desirable situations for a first-class country hotel, and being situated near the beach would make an unrivalled summer resort. Highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. For further particulars apply to

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May 10-td.

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Is under the able management of Mr. J.W. Creighton

Perfect Fit Guaranteed.
See our window
86 Government Street.

J. C. Leask & Co.
THE TAILORS

Serious Indian Revolt.

Calcutta, May 10.—Advices from Cundjabar, the capital of the native state of that name, in Orissa, show that a serious revolt has broken out in the state. The palace of the rajah is defended by 400 native troops under the command of four European officers. Cundjahar is tributary to the British, and the rajah has demanded that reinforcements be sent to him.

Legislators Forfeit Rights.

Innsbruck, May 10.—Count von Merviheat, governor of the Tyrol, and Voralberg, has announced to the provincial diet that sixteen of the Italo-Tyrolese deputies had forfeited their rights to sit as members of the diet by their continued absence from the sessions of the house.

Jealousy the Cause.

Vienna, May 10.—The theatre at Lemburg, the capital of Austrian Gallicia, was the scene last night of a most tragic occurrence that caused consternation and horror among those who witnessed it. The theatre was comfortably filled, and the play was proceeding satisfactorily when suddenly Herr Delczuko, one of the actors, drew a revolver in full sight of the spectators, placed the weapon to his head and blew out his brains. The greatest confusion and excitement followed. Women in the body of the house shrieked wildly; some of them fainted. Men were made sick by the sight and numbers of them hastened from the theatre. In the meantime the people on the stage and behind the scenes were dumb with horror, and it was some time before the curtain was lowered. It was subsequently earned that Herr Delczuko's deed was prompted by jealousy. In the company was a young actress of whom Delczuko was deeply enamored, and it was generally supposed that his love was reciprocated by her. During the progress of the play last night Delczuko detected his sweetheart flirting with a man who occupied one of the stalls, and when the couple left the stage at the end of the act, Delczuko upbraided the girl for her perfidy. She treated the matter lightly, and again when she went on resumed the flirtation. Desperately enraged at his sweetheart's conduct, Delczuko followed her as his part required, but instead of speaking his lines, he walked close to the footlights and without a word killed himself.

Razors and shaving materials of best Sheffield make at Fox's, 78 Government street. Satisfaction guaranteed.

WITH ROYAL HONORS

Queen Victoria Opens the Imperial Institute To-Day.

STIRRING SCENES ALONG THE ROUTE

Canadian, Australian and Indian Soldiers on Guard.

A Gorgeous and Imposing Spectacle at the Institute—Her Majesty Touches the Inaugural Button—Albert Edward Reads the Address Kneeling on a Cushion.

London, May 10.—The Imperial Institute in Kensington Gore was formally opened to-day by Her Majesty, the Queen. It was a state ceremonial, and attended by greater pomp and display than has characterized the passage of the Queen through the city on any occasion since her coronation, on June 28th, 1838. The event was also memorable from the fact that in consenting to officiate on the occasion, Her Majesty has caused it to be semi-officially stated that this would be the last occasion upon which she would make a public entry into the metropolis. Not, therefore, until the day upon which her remains are to be laid at rest will London have another procession with royal pomp.

By proclamation of the Lord Mayor and the court of aldermen, the day was declared a public holiday, the banks and other financial offices were closed, and business of all kinds, save that of necessity, was suspended in the city. In the east end as well as in the west thousands of Union Jacks and royal standards were thrown to the breeze at daylight. While from the Mansion House west, along the Thames Embankment in one direction, through Cheapside, Fleet street and the Strand in another, over the Holborn viaduct, out New Oxford street to Bayswater road in another, every business house, public building and church was bright with bunting, the sky was clear and the air balmy, in fact a more typical May day could scarcely be imagined. All London seemed to have turned itself out at an early hour.

It was not only the metropolis itself that was represented in the throngs on the streets, but Bristol, Manchester, Birmingham, Sheffield, Glasgow, Edinburg, Dundee, Belfast, Dublin and other cities in the United Kingdom had sent their delegations. The region of Hyde Park and Kensington Gardens was, of course, the great rendezvous of the populace, and to these breathing spaces it poured in a stream through a dozen avenues that connected with the farthest corners of the city. Thousands came on foot from Bow, Hackney, Dalston, Shoreditch, Limehouse and Whitechapel, and others of the districts ten to fifteen miles away from the central point of the day's festivities. The route over which the royal procession was to pass was lined with gaily decorated grand stands, few being reserved for private parties, but the majority being open to the public on payment of sixpence. More than half a million of the spectators were thus provided for. The others packed sidewalks, steps, windows, grass lawns, and wherever else they could get a foothold. At every street intersection a triumphal arch had been erected, and at spaces of a few feet strings of flags were stretched across the road, so that the royal procession passed under an almost continuous archway of waving bunting.

Early in the morning the Prince of Wales, who is said to have a marvellous capacity for attending to details, and has for several weeks past given personal attention to the arrangements for the event, visited the structure in order to satisfy himself that nothing had been neglected. Not until he had assured himself on this point was the Lord Chamberlain ordered to state that the programme might be proceeded with.

It was fifteen minutes past 11 when the booming of cannon from the artillery detachment stationed in St. James's Park stretched out over the territory for miles to the westward that the Queen had entered her carriage and that the royal pageant was prepared to move. This was also a signal for the preliminary procession composed of personages who were to receive Her Majesty at the Institute, to move from Hyde Park corner, and through the Kensington Palace Garden to the Institute. There were two of these processions, one composed of a score of Indian princes in native costume, and escorted by two detachments of cavalry, and the other that of the Lord Mayor, the members of the board of aldermen, and the visiting mayors and corporations from other cities. These arrived at the Institute nearly an hour in advance of the Queen, and were shown to the sections reserved for them in the order of precedence.

The state carriage in which Her Majesty rode, and which was finished in gold and blue enameling, was drawn by eight cream-colored horses with outriders in uniforms of scarlet and gold. Two hundred Life Guards in their magnificent uniforms, and mounted upon black chargers, cleared the way for the procession. Immediately before the carriage galloped a squad of Indian cavalry. On either side of it, forming a special escort, was a detachment of cavalry from New South Wales, while in the rear was a company of horse artillery from Victoria. Her Majesty was attired in black silk with bonnet to match, and sat alone on the rear seat of the carriage, facing the horses. In her hand she carried a bouquet of white roses. On the other seat was the Princess Beatrice, in a lavender costume with trimmings of pearl and golden cord. Five other carriages made up the procession. They were occupied by the Prince and Princess of Wales and their children, Prince Henry of Battenberg, and the ladies in waiting on the sovereign, the rear being brought up by the full regiment of the Grenadier Guards.

The route of the procession was from Buckingham Palace up Constitution hill, around Hyde Park corner into Rotten Row, thence through the Alexandra gate to Exhibition road, on which between the Royal Albert hall, and the Royal College of Music, is the Institute. As the carriage passed through the Alexandra gate it was in full sight of the Royal Albert memorial, and here, for a moment, Her Majesty bowed her head upon her hands. The entire route from the Palace to the Institute was lined with troops, a military band at every street intersection, which played the national anthem as the procession went past. Behind the troops were the spectators, a sea of faces, men, women and children.

Never before, probably had a British sovereign received such a greeting from the people. The roar started the moment the Queen descended the steps of the palace to the carriage, and it could still be heard long after she had passed into the Institute. It was a popular reception in every sense of the word. Myriads of dainty white handkerchiefs fluttered in the air and seemed to keep time with the hoarse cheering of the male spectators, while children tossed out nosegays and baskets full of loose flowers, only to be trampled under the feet of the horses or crushed under the wheels of the royal carriage. At one point in the parade the pathway of the royal party was literally strewn for half a mile with flowers.

When the carriage turned Hyde Park corner a thousand or more members of the stock exchange, who are Unionists in sentiment, and who occupied a special stand, sang Rule Britannia. A little farther on was a stand occupied exclusively by the American colony. It was decorated with the colors of the United States and Great Britain, and from the front seats the stars and stripes and the Union Jack were waved when the Queen came into view. Her Majesty acknowledged the transatlantic greeting by a graceful inclination of the head.

Another discharge of cannon, this time from Kensington Gardens, announced the arrival of the royal party at the entrance to the Institute. A number of little school girls in white frocks had been drawn up on either side of the steps, and with low courtesies they threw flowers at the Queen's feet as she passed up on the arm of the Princess Beatrice. At the main archway she was met by the Prince of Wales and the Lord Chamberlain, who escorted her to the elevator, and thence to the grand hall of the building, 22 feet above the street, and where the invited guests had already assembled. The aisle in the centre hall leading to the dais was lined by Indian and colonial troops, gentlemen-at-arms, yeomen of the guard, and trumpeters of state. The latter blew a blast as the approach of the Queen was signaled, and at the same moment the band of 200 pieces, under the personal direction of Sir Arthur Sullivan, burst forth with the national anthem.

The scene which met the eyes of the venerable sovereign as she ascended the dais and took her seat in the large golden chair was grand. To her right was arranged the members of the House of Lords and the diplomatic corps. To the left the colonial representatives, the members of the cabinet and of the House of Commons. Immediately in front were the members of the nobility, beyond, the municipal representatives of London and other cities. There were 7100 souls in all, and the magnificent uniforms of the members of the diplomatic corps, the picturesque garb of the colonial princes, the gorgeous robes, chains and jewels of office of the mayors and aldermen, the showy dress of the Indian princes, the velvet knee breeches, white hose and buckled shoes of the privy councillors, and the brilliant toilettes of the ladies, the latter making up nearly one half of the audience, combined to produce an imposing scene.

Everything was now in readiness for the ceremony proper. For the second time Sir Arthur Sullivan waved his baton, and the chamber resounded with the strains of the Hallelujah Chorus. As the music died away the Right Hon. and Most Reverend Edward White Benson, Archbishop of Canterbury and Primate of all England, attired in full archiepiscopal vestments, advanced before the dais and pronounced an invocation, which concluded with the repeating of the Lord's Prayer by all present in unison. Another selection was rendered by the orchestra, and then the Prince of Wales advanced to the foot of the dais, and, kneeling upon a velvet cushion, read an address to his royal mother. It breathed the loyalty of her subjects, congratulated her upon the continuous prosperity and peace of her reign, referred to the purposes for which the institution was designed, and humbly requested her to dedicate the Institute to the uses of the present and of prosperity.

As he concluded he placed the address in a golden casket and handed it to the Queen. Her Majesty received it with her right hand, and with her left passed at the same moment to the Lord Chamberlain the manuscript containing her reply. This was read by that functionary. It was very brief, expressing the pleasure which it afforded Her Majesty to comply with the request of her loyal subjects, and the further hope that the Institution would prove a landmark in the present era of advancement. As the Lord Chamberlain concluded, the Princess Beatrice handed to the Queen a splendid master key, made of precious metals and studded with jewels. This the Queen applied to the door of the silver model of the Imperial Institute presented to the Prince and Princess of Wales by the citizens of London upon the occasion of their silver wedding.

As the key entered into the lock it pressed an electric button, and at the same moment the orchestra struck up the national anthem, the bells of the Institute, manned by ringers from every cathedral in the country, rang out a joyous peal, and a royal salute was fired by the artillery stationed in Hyde Park. This concluded the ceremony, and after Her Majesty had greeted several of those present the procession was reformed and she returned to Buckingham Palace.

This afternoon the Lord Mayor will banquet the visiting mayors in honor of the occasion, and there will be several other balls and banquets in the different sections of the city.

Collision on the Banks.

Halifax, N. S., May 10.—The steamer Havan, en route for Newfoundland via Sydney, when nine miles off Whitehead collided with the schooner J. A. Silver of Lunenberg, bound to Canso from the Banks, on Sunday evening. Two of the crew of the schooner, Geo. Harris of Lunenberg and Wm. Chrouse of Labave, were lost. The Havan arrived here yesterday afternoon, bringing the survivors of the schooner's crew.

The British Side of the Case.

Paris, May 10.—Attorney-General Sir Charles Russell, of the counsel for Great Britain before the Behring Sea tribunal of arbitration, began his address to-day on behalf of the British case. The court room was thronged with British and American residents of Paris and visitors from abroad.

Sailing Through Committee.

London, May 10.—The House of Commons to-day in committee on the Irish Home Rule bill, rejected by a vote of 259 to 244, a motion to eliminate that section of the bill providing for a second chamber of the Irish Legislature.

HORRORS OF WAR

Decisive Battle in Honduras—42 Captives Ordered Shot.

RESIGNATION OF THE GREEK MINISTRY

The Record of Railway Speed Broken in New York.

One Hundred and Seven Miles an Hour Attained—The Will of the Sporting Squire Probated—All His Vast Fortune Left in Trust to His Mother—The Behring Sea Case.

New Orleans, May 10.—The steamer Breakwater arrived on Monday night from Puerto Cortes, Spanish Honduras, and her officers confirm the previous rumor of the collapse of the revolution of Polycarpo Bonilla. It was learned that a battle, which virtually settled the conflict, occurred last Thursday, May 4th, at Guebrabotizo, a small town some 60 miles from Yora. The town and state of Yora have been strongholds of the rebels, most of the fighting being confined to that state and the adjoining one of Orlanchio.

In this engagement of Guebrabotizo the government forces outnumbered the rebels, and by stealing upon them unawares completely routed them, not only capturing all their supplies but killing a number and capturing the rest. Only a few remained to convey the news to their companions at Yora. Immediately after the battle Bonilla disappeared into the interior mountains, leaving his forces at Yora in a comparatively unprotected condition. The government forces were on the march when last heard from to this point, and by this time the place has no doubt been taken and its inmates routed or captured.

It was learned that Vasquez, the acting governor of Honduras, had commanded Gen. Ordones, of the government troops, to shoot 43 captives taken at the recapture of Truxillo by the government forces, and to have them shot within 24 hours after he received the message. The courier who was to bring this message from Puerto Cortes to Truxillo was seen by the officers of the Breakwater just before sailing. It has been learned that the message to Gen. Ordones called for the lives of these 42 men, under the penalty that if they were not shot Ordones himself would be shot. These captives, the officers of the Breakwater feel assured, met their death last Thursday.

It is thought that when the news of these men being shot reaches the other rebels in hiding, consternation will seize them and the result will be the surrender of all who bore arms against the government.

WORKING ON THE CENSUS.

British Columbia Pays the Money—Anderson Veney's Case.

Ottawa, May 10.—Hon. Mr. Ouimet, who is acting Minister of Justice, told your correspondent to-day that he has telegraphed to Dr. Cosgrove, the jail physician at Sandwich, asking about the mental condition of Anderson Veney, the wife murderer awaiting execution there. Dr. Cosgrove telegraphed that Veney was perfectly conscious of his acts and was not much changed since being put in prison. He was not in as good health as when confined, but that was to be expected of a man under sentence of death. This does not agree with Dr. Chamberlain's report. Should Cosgrove's report prove correct, then Veney will be hanged. Mr. Ouimet says Cosgrove's written report will be received to-morrow and the matter will afterwards be decided at a meeting of the council.

If it is possible to get away, Hon. Mr. Ouimet will leave for British Columbia on Wednesday. Hon. Messrs. Haggart and Patterson, accompanied by Dr. Montague, left for the Northwest by special car last night. Mr. Howell acts as minister of both departments.

The 20 clerks who were discharged from the census department yesterday were asked to go to work again to-day and unravel the tangle connected with the British Columbia census. It is said that the British Columbia Government will pay for their services, so as to be able to get reports showing that the Mainland has not so large a white population as the Island, which would justify them in not going on with a redistribution bill.

Argument in the case involving Mowat's local option law concluded to-day. Judgment was reserved.

Railway Record Breaking.

Buffalo, N.Y., May 10.—The New York Central Railroad's Empire State express broke all railroading records this afternoon in the run from Rochester to Buffalo, attaining a speed of 107 7-8 miles an hour. The train was drawn by the New Columbia engine, No. 999, which will be sent to the World's Fair. Miles were made in from 42 to 50 seconds right along until Corfu was reached. The distance from Corfu to Crittenden, four miles, was made in 3 1-2 minutes, and the two miles between Wemle and Looneyville were travelled in one minute and 30 seconds. The track from Looneyville to Forks Station is as solid as a rock and well adapted to record breaking. The distance is nine miles, and it was run in six minutes and 58 seconds. Just before Forks was reached, a mile was made in 35 seconds, timed by a stop watch. The 69 miles from Rochester to Buffalo was made in 68 minutes.

Baird's Will Probated.

London, May 10.—The will of George Alexander Baird, known to the sporting world as "Squire Abingdon," was admitted to probate Monday. The gross personal property was sworn at $4,240,255, and the net value, $4,158,595. The testator leaves all his real and personal property in trust for his mother.

Greek Ministry Resigns.

Athens, May 10.—The ministry, headed by Tricoupis, has resigned, owing to the failure to negotiate a loan for the relief of the present embarrassment and the condition of Greek finances. The retiring ministry consists of Tricoupis, president of the council and minister of finances; Eduragoumis, minister of foreign affairs; A. Simopoulis, minister of justice; G. Theotokis, minister of the interior; K. Kossonakos, minister of worship and instruction; N. Tsamados, minister of war; and S. Koulondia, minister of marine.

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HOME RULE.

A Tory Member Offers an Insulting Amendment to the Bill.

London, May 9.—The House of Commons resumed its session to-day as a committee of the whole on the Irish Home Rule bill. Mr. G. C. T. Bartley, Conservative M.P. for North Islington, moved to insert the words "subordinate to Parliament" in the first clause of the bill, so as to make the clause read: "On and after the appointed day there shall be in Ireland a Legislature subordinate to Parliament," etc.

Right Hon. Mr. Gladstone said that Mr. Bartley's motion implied a disbelief in the assurance of the government, and therefore overstepped the bounds of parliamentary rules.

Mr. Bartley appealed to the chairman to state whether the amendment was in order or not.

The chairman decided that the words were admissable.

Mr. Gladstone thereupon denounced the amendment as obviously intended to pass a slight upon the Irish Legislature, and implying mistrust in that Legislature on the part of Parliament. Right Hon. G. J. Goschen, formerly Chancellor of the Exchequer, accused the government of practically evading the question of Imperial control over the Irish Legislature. He said that if Mr. Gladstone were in earnest in his alleged purpose to make the Imperial Parliament supreme, he would not hesitate to accept the amendment.

Col. Saunderson, M.P., Armagh, asked Mr. Gladstone what machinery in the bill enabled the nominal supremacy of the Imperial Parliament which the bill enforced. All the machinery that he (Col. Saunderson) could see in the bill was Irish beyond the control of the Imperial Parliament, and would not be worth a straw.

After considerable debate the amendment was rejected by a vote of 292 to 257.

Wm. Redmond, Parnellite M.P. for East Clare, moved that the Irish legislative assembly be called parliament instead of legislature.

Mr. Gladstone opposed the motion on the grounds that the paramount assembly ought to be called a parliament as distinguished from the body to which the parliament delegated certain powers.

Mr. Wm. Saunders, Liberal M.P. for Newington, Walworth, who showed a disposition to vote against the second reading of the Irish Home Rule bill, but finally voted with his party, is about to retire from parliament in deference to the wishes of his constituents, who are displeased with his course.

WILHELM'S RESOLVE.

He is Determined to Get That Army Bill Passed if It Ruins Him.

Berlin, May 9.—After the review of the troops on the Tempethofer field to-day, the Emperor William commanded the highest officers of the guards to gather around him and addressed them in the words: "Since we last met, the situation created by the army bill has shown peculiar changes. I had not looked forward to the rejection of the bill. On the contrary, trusting to the patriotism of the Reichstag, I hoped for the unconditional acceptance of it. The result has caused me deep disappointment andsorrow. I regret that the patriotic men who were in the minority did not succeed in defeating those who were indifferent to the welfare of their country. During the last few days passionate words, which might better have remained unsaid among gentlemen, have been spoken. I was obliged to dissolve the Reichstag, in the hope that the new Reichstag would pass the bill. I am determined, in case this hope also be disappointed, to stake all in my power to obtain the enactment of the measure, for I am too thoroughly convinced of its necessity as a guarantee of the peace of Europe to allow it to be finally defeated. We are hearing much about the excitement among the masses just now. I do not think that the German people will allow themselves to be excited by irresponsible persons. On the contrary, I know that I am in sympathy with the princes of the federal states, the people and the army. I thank you, gentlemen, for your loyal interest. My desire was to express to you my views concerning the bill, as I did when the bill was introduced."

The Emperor spoke very slowly, pausing slightly after each sentence and emphasizing all the significant words, as if to attract attention to the seriousness of the situation and the firmness of his resolution to win. The speech has caused a tightness of the general tension. It was printed as a double leader by the Nord Deutsche Algemeine Zeitung, and is this evening the sole topic of conversation throughout the city. The tendency of public opinion is towards the conviction that the Emperor is pointing straight for the goal of the Prussian Reactionaries, and that he will not shun a conflict with constitutionalism.

The correspondent of the United Press was assured officially this evening, however, that the Emperor did not want his speech to be read as a menace to the Reichstag, or a challenge to conflict. On the contrary, said the informant, His Majesty desires the most scrupulous adherence to constitutional forms. He feels strongly, however, the urgent need of reforming the Reichstag. He cannot govern with a Reichstag split into ten political parts, among whom, through chance or partisan agreements, the majority are forming against the Government on vital issues. His Majesty does not wish to rule absolutely. He is willing to rule conditionally, even to allow the parliamentary majority a share in the government, but what Imperial cabinet can co-operate with Bebel, Lieber and Richter? Not one of them has under his control a positive working majority; not one of them can get together a minority combination. Few things would please the Emperor better than a consolidation of the parliamentary factions into two or three large parties, with which he would be able to reckon in determining his policy. Then he would be happy to govern in harmony with the parliamentary majorities.

Prince Bismarck's Hamburger Nachrichten protests against stigmatizing as unpatriotic the deputies who voted against the army bill. The majority, it says, differed from the government only as to the amount of the increase.

The Freissinnige Zeitung, edited by Eugene Richter, says that since the times of Frederick William IV Parliament has not been criticized on the parade grounds.

The Cuban Revolution.

New York, May 9.—The news that came on the last Havana mail via Tampa, Fla., was not altogether satisfactory to the revolutionists. They now admit that the revolt of the Sartorius brothers was premature and its influence not the best for the cause. The fact that the Sartorius brothers had no reputation among the patriot party did not encourage those interested in the cause to join them. The autonomists held back when a revolution under tried and experienced leaders would carry these wavering elements into the patriot ranks. The tone of the papers indicates a very unsettled and very unsatisfactory state of affairs in the eastern end of the island and between the lines of these semi-official utterances there is an ill-concealed anxiety. Meantime the revolutionary leaders here preserve confidence and speak hopefully for the future. Preparations are now being made for a public meeting of American sympathizers with the Cuban cause, to be held in Cooper Union.

Republican Clubs Convention.

Louisville, Ky., May 10.—So far as concerned the number of delegates already upon the ground the opening session of the annual convention of the National League of Republican Clubs, although set for to-morrow night, will take place to-day. Fully two-thirds of the thousand or more accredited representatives of various state organizations have put in an appearance ahead of time. They were expected, and with the arrival of the afternoon trains, pretty well filled, the entire convention will be in evidence around the different hotels. This promptitude is accepted by the leaders as an indication of the general interest felt in the gathering of the week as well as of the determination of the rank and file to make it manifest that instead of being discouraged by defeat they propose to be up and doing with all the energy and enthusiasm they can make manifest. As a rule the delegates already here are strongly opposed to the discordant element in to-morrow's convention. They believe that the platform of the party at Minneapolis is as pregnant with issues to-day as it was a year ago, and that its defeat to the contrary notwithstanding, it needs neither reconstruction nor strengthening.

Shepherds and Indians Quarrelling.

Albuquerque, N.M., May 10.—A fight between Navajo Indians and sheep men on the Zuni mountains is probable. The sheep men have almost exclusively taken possession of the mountains, which are well watered and have plenty of grass. In order to show their contempt the Indians have terrorized the herders and driven away many large flocks of sheep, besides stealing several hundreds. The Indians have threatened the sheep raisers with bodily injury if they persist in holding the water holes in the mountains.

King of the Cattle Rustlers.

Great Falls, Mont., May 9.—William Matthews, the king and last of the cattle "rustlers" who during 1890 and 1891 defied the law successfully in Wyoming, Idaho and Washington, was brought to this city heavily ironed by a deputy sheriff last night. He was captured in Choteau, where he was travelling under the name of Thomas Briggs.

Determined to Have Revenge.

Toccoa, Ga., May 10.—A horsewoman rode down the main street of the town about three o'clock yesterday afternoon and attracted general attention. The policemen were trying to head her off, and finally one of them caught the flying horse by the bridle and brought him to a halt, but not until the woman had fired a shot and cried that she would kill the man who arrested her. The woman was Miss Fannie Denham. Six months ago it was understood that Frank Hughes, contractor, was to marry Miss Denham. He then changed his mind and eloped with a 13-year-old girl who had attracted his attention. Miss Denham said that the time would come when Hughes would regret this step, and that the girl's beauty could not last always. Miss Denham went out yesterday on her horse for a ride, and pausing at the Hughes residence, called the young wife out. Miss Denham was most gracious and asked her to drink from a cider flask which she had, and to tell what she thought of the cider. The offer was declined. Then Miss Denham asked Mrs. Hughes to arrange her riding habit for her. While this was being done she dashed contents of another bottle into her face and putting spurs to her horse, fled down the street. It was vitriol which she had dashed into the woman's face, and the result is the loss of an eye and the disfigurement of the whole face and neck. The cider bottle was found to contain enough arsenic to kill anyone. Miss Denham is in jail.

Dockers Must Submit.

London, May 9.—The Shipping Federation, after a prolonged conference, has decided to make no concessions to the dockers. The men must submit to the conditions of the Federation, say the ship owners, or cease working for its members.

Cholera in Siberia.

St. Petersburg, May 9.—The cholera is increasing in Tobolsk, the most westerly town of Siberia, and a group of medical students who were completing their curriculum at St. Petersburg, has been dispatched to reinforce the Siberian physicians and assist them in dealing with the pestilence.

Sugar Beet Crop Spoiled.

London, May 8.—Reports from the continent show that drouth and heat have spoiled the beet root crop, and that an enormous increase in sugar prices is in progress. Grain speculators declare that all hope of saving the winter wheat crop is gone.

Lunatic Asylum Irregularities.

Dubuque, Ia., May 10.—Boiling the corpses of patients in the slaughter house cauldron to make skeletons, throwing the brains of dissected patients into vaults and beating troublesome patients to death, are some of the charges supported by sworn testimony made against the management of the state insane asylum at Independence, containing over 1,000 patients. These charges are to be investigated at once by the state's visiting committee, by the order of Gov. Boies. Attendants are accused of having beaten patients so badly that they died, and then reported to the authorities that the fatal wounds were self-inflicted. The patients have been fed on the meat of lumpy-jawed cattle and other diseased animals. Their food has been insufficient. For want of proper clothing they have been frozen while working outside during the winter. Dr. Hill, the superintendent, is charged with having worked them on his private farm.

Wills' English Pills I'll always use,

They never gripe nor pain;

All other pills I will refuse,

Their promises are vain.

Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists; or sent post paid upon receipt of price, by Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P.Q. 8-9-10

CHOLERA PROSPECTS IN 1893.

It is Coming Toward New York, But Can be Kept Out With Proper Care.

Writing of the cholera prospect, the president of the New York Academy of Medicine, Dr. D. B. St. John Roosa, says in the Engineering Magazine:

The most recent advices are that cholera is still raging in Russia, and that it exists in a slight degree in Hamburg and in some parts of France. The probabilities are, unless travel and immigration from Russia are immediately and strenuously interdicted, and unless the water supply of Hamburg is made absolutely pure, that cholera will reappear in an epidemic form in Germany and France this spring and summer. But these two contingencies are within human control. Travellers and immigrants may be prevented from entering Germany and purity of the water of Hamburg may be secured. While cholera has not been epidemic in any European port during the past winter, "sporadic" or isolated cases have occurred constantly in some of them. There are some persons—I will not say authorities—who assert that true Asiatic cholera exists in Paris during the entire year. Certainly it was there last summer. Assuming these statemets to be facts, we have good reason to fear that this disease will reappear in New York harbor during the summer of 1893. But it is quite possible for the city of New York and the other parts of this country to be so protected, and for those coming here with the disease to be so isolated, as to prevent an epidemic in the United States.

As to the prevention of cholera, much has been said for and against strenuous maritime quarantine. The more ignorant the nation, the more intense and annoying the quarantine, whether maritime or on the land frontier. During the epidemic of 1885 in Italy and the south of France, the Italians outdid themselves in ridiculous and inefficient and obnoxious rules, to prevent perfectly well people from going from one country to another. England, perhaps, lays less stress upon maritime quarantine than any other nation, but England is not a depot for immigration, and filthy immigrants from all parts of the world do not come to her shores as they do to those of the United States. Those who visit England come only as actual travellers or immigrants in transitu. If the Russian immigrants who, having passed a few days in Hamburg, without any cleansing and other sanitary means, were put upon ships which they infected, had been allowed free access to New York city last summer and autumn, they certainly would in a few days have so polluted water sources that cholera would have become epidemic.

We must, therefore, have quarantine regulations in this country. But, if a ship comes to New York harbor, even during the visitation of cholera, from a non-infected port, and has passed seven days without the occurrence of any case, it would be folly to retain the passengers on the ship. They should be allowed to land as soon as the facts about their condition are ascertained. If cholera has actually broken out upon a ship, the healthy passengers should certaloly not be retained upon it, when the port is reached. They should be put ashore in comfortable quarters, and after a very short quarantine, if the disease does not break out among them, they should be released. If quarantine must be practised, it must be a civilized and humane quarantine, instead of imitating the Turks and Italians.

If the quarantine regulations are honestly maintained, with skill and scientific knowledge, there need be no extension of the disease from our harbor. Perhaps it will not even be brought there. The effect upon the World's Columbian Exposition by the appearance of the cholera in New York would, in the nature of things, be extremely bad. Europeans, having read much of the scenes in our harbor last year, would be afraid of their repetition, even if they did not fear the disease itself. The precautions taken by the general government are, however, so careful and faithful, in the placing of medical officers of our own at every port of departure, that it is hardly to be feared that any such numbers of infected ships can possibly arrive in New York as came from Hamburg last year.

The Gospel of Peter.

The discovery of the so-called Gospel of St. Peter is arousing even greater interest in old world theological circles than the finding of the ancient copy of the Gospels at Mount Sinai. A manuscript was found by Bourian, the well-known archaeologist, in the tomb of a monk in Egypt. The date is placed late in the first century. Its recital of the passion, death and resurrection of Christ, though differing in certain details from that of the chronical books, approaches that of the evangelist Mark. According to the best Catholic and Protestant exegetical scholars in Paris the Gospel is copied from a Greek manuscript. The document is not apocryphal, for it is quoted by the Christian apologist and martyr, Justin. At the crucifixion, according to this version, only the hands were nailed. Joseph of Arimathea was an influential friend of Pilate, who prevailed upon the Roman prefect to obtain Herod's consent to the delivery of the body of Jesus. The soldiers and the elders witnessed the resurrection. The latter were afraid of being stoned by the Jews. They therefore sent a deputation to Pilate to ask him to forbid the soldiers to divulge the miracle.

He Would Shoot Them Down.

Dr. Maguth, of Emmanuel College, Cambridge, has published one of the most startling and entertaining works on divinity which have ever been written. My readers must consult the work if they desire to learn the full particulars of Dr. Maguth's theory of "the true nature of the fall of Edenic man." He considers that the savage tribes of Africa, Asia and Australia are really descendants of some inferior race, whose evolution preceded that of Adam, and as they do not belong to the high order of humanity, it is absurd and foolish to send missionaries to them, and it would be far better to shoot them down!—Truth.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why Does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in the wrappers, if you leave the ends open. Write your address carefully.

Garden tools at McLenan & McFeely's.

Pocket and table cutlery at Fox's, 78 Government street.

Wall paper and room mouldings at Mellor's, Fort street, above Douglas.

Garden hose at McLennan & McFeely's.

J. Horner & Co.

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Special Value

1 CASE ALL WOOL SERGES,
Double Width, 35c. a yard, or 3 yards for a dollar.

A Very Fine Line of
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42 inches wide, 40c. and 50c. a yard.

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In all widths.

J. Horner & Co.

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The Good Derived from HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

All Run Down With Dyspepsia

The peculiar combination of stomach tonics and alterative remedies in Hood's Sarsaparilla cannot be equalled, and this superiority explains the wonderful success of

This Great Medicine

in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion and similar troubles. Mr. T. A. Wheelock, a well known citizen of Burlington, Vt., writes:

"Six months ago I was badly run down and unable to attend to business. The principal trouble seemed to be due to indigestion and aggravated dyspepsia. I had no appetite,

Nothing Tasted Good

and what I did eat distressed me. Added to this was a nervous disturbance. Physicians that I employed failed to reach my case. I grew worse, **lost flesh** and almost hope. One day I ran across a testimonial for Hood's Sarsaparilla stating what it had done in what seemed to be a case similar to mine. I got a bottle and in three or four days saw that I felt better. Before I had finished the first bottle, was greatly improved. Rested better, felt better, and knew I was

Better All Over

I continued with the medicine, and have taken two bottles and now feel better than at any time for the past five years. Feel as hearty as when a boy. Have regained my flesh, have good appetite, can sleep well, and **my nerves** are in excellent condition. I would not value a thousand dollars for what it did for me." T. A. WHEELOCK, Burlington, Vt.

Fully Indorsed

"We have sold Mr. T. A. Wheelock several bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and have heard him tell in high terms of commendation what it has done for him. I know that he has recommended

Hood's Sarsaparilla

to many others here. Our customers generally speak well of it." F. L. TAFT & CO., Pharmacists, Burlington, Vt.

Hood's Pills Will Cure All **Liver Ills**

INFORMATION FURNISHED ABOUT THE KOOTENAY COUNTRY

The publishers of THE MINER will answer any inquiries in regard to the general outlook and future prospects of the Kootenay Country to subscribers. If you want to start in business in any of the cities, they will advise you about the population and the prospects for any particular or general line of trade.

The subscription price of THE MINER, a 12 page weekly journal, is $2.00 per year. It is the oldest established paper in the district.

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GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE FOR 20 YEARS. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL CO. Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria, B.C. June10-1j

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PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH. For sale by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria. mneo7 1y.

Complete Manhood AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

A Medical Work that Tells the Causes, Describes the Effects, Points the Remedy.

Scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful medical book ever published; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Subjects treated:—

Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would atone for past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. Address the publishers,

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CURE YOURSELF!
Ask your Druggist for a bottle of Big G. The only non-poisonous remedy for all the unnatural discharges and private diseases of men and the debilitating weakness peculiar to women. It cures in a few days without the aid or publicity of a doctor.
The Universal American Cure.
Manufactured by The Evans Chemical Co. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
PRICE $1.00

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
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FOR FAMILY USE,
IS THE BEST.

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JOHN MESTON

CARRIAGE MAKER
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Broad street, between Johnson and Pandora streets.
VICTORIA, B. C

VICTORIA OPTICAL CO.,
The Leading Opticians. 130 Government St.

Perfected Spectacles and Eye-glasses on hand and carefully adjusted. Satisfaction guaranteed. Optical goods of every description. Repairing in all branches done with neatness and despatch. No fancy prices.
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FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced Price $50 per acre; half cash, balance on time Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY, m29-tf 58 Third street Victoria

A BY-LAW

WHEREAS it is expedient to raise a sum of money to provide for the construction of certain main surface drains in the city of Victoria as follows:

Work Estate,

View street and branches,

Spring Ridge and Fernwood road,

Cook street and branches,

Michigan and Superior streets,

Oswego street,

Menzies street,

North and South Pandora streets,

Victoria West,

And other necessary drains not specified.

AND WHEREAS the estimated cost of such works is $125,000.

AND WHEREAS for the purpose aforesaid it is intended to raise by way of loan upon the credit of the city the sum of $125,000.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of $8,125 to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said debt and interest hereinafter mentioned.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the corporation of the city of Victoria according to the last revised assessment roll, being for the year 1892, was $18,749,125.

AND WHEREAS it will require an annual special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar for the payment of the interest and for creating an equal yearly sinking fund for paying the principal of the said new debt according to the Municipal Act, 1892.

AND WHEREAS it is intended to reduce the general rate so that the said special rate shall not increase the total rate of taxation.

Be it therefore enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the Corporation of the City of Victoria to borrow upon the credit of the said Corporation by way of debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons or body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $125,000 00 currency, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

Sec. 2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums as may be required, not exceeding, however, the sum of $125,000 00 in currency, each of the said debentures being of the amount of $1,000, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor thereof.

Sec. 3. The said debentures shall be made payable in fifty years from the date hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the treasurer of the said corporation, in the City Hall, Victoria, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest, and the signature of the Mayor and of the Clerk of the Corporation respectively to the coupons may be affixed by printed, stamped or lithographed fac simile.

Sec. 4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly at the office of the said treasurer.

Sec. 5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures and the interest to become due thereon an equal special rate of four-fifths of one mill in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property within the city of Victoria during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

Sec. 6. In case of any conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy between the provisions of this by-law and any of the provisions of the Local Improvement By-law, 1892, as amended by By-law No. 178, entitled, "A By-law to amend the Local Improvement By-law, 1892," the provisions of this by-law shall prevail and override any of the provisions of such Local Improvement By-law to the extent of any such conflict, inconsistency or repugnancy, but this by-law shall not be deemed to in any wise repeal, alter or amend such Local Improvement By-law and amendment, except in so far as this by-law is concerned, and then so far only as is necessary to give full force and effect to this by-law.

Sec. 7. This by-law shall before the passage thereof receive the assent of the electors of the said corporation in a manner provided for by the Municipal Act, 1892, or any amendment thereto, and shall take effect on the first day of May, 1893.

Sec. 8. This by-law may be cited as "The Surface Drains By-law, 1893."

Passed the Municipal Council this 27th day of March, 1893.

Received the assent of and confirmed by the municipal electors on the 18th day of April, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed by the municipal council on the 19th day of April, 1893.

(Sd) ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 19th day of April, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

4

THE MINISTER OF FINANCE

What Mr. Turner Had to Say on Provincial Affairs.

HE IS INTERVIEWED IN MONTREAL

The Mainland Agitation the Work of "a Few Malcontents"—Census Figures and Redistribution—The New Legislative Buildings.

The Montreal Gazette of Wednesday, May 3rd, gives the following interview with Hon. Mr. Turner.

"No, I am not here on official business," said Hon. J. H. Turner, treasurer of British Columbia, at the Windsor yesterday afternoon. Mr. Turner represents Victoria in the local house. He intends spending a few days in the city and then going to Ottawa on business.

"Well, as to the difficulty between the island and the mainland," he proceeded, in reply to a question, "there is no trouble. What there is has been got up by a few malcontents, as I might call them, in New Westminster and Vancouver, and among the leaders of the movement there are no important or leading men. It is conducted mainly Mr. Cotton, M. L. A., owner of the News-Advertiser, and Mr. Brown, M. L. A. for New Westminster, who is known as 'Winchester Brown,' because he freely threatens that unless the government does what he desires the people will have recourse to the argument of Winchester rifles.

"These men claim that our government should have carried out its promise of redistribution, and make another grievance out of the vote of $600,000 for public buildings in Victoria. As to the redistribution, Mr. Brown, about four years ago, headed a deputation which waited on the late premier, Hon. John Robson, to call his attention to the fact that the mainland had a much larger population than the island, and was, therefore, entitled to a larger representation in the house. Mr. Robson, in reply, pressed the point that such a redistribution should not be made until after the census had been taken. At this time Mr. Robson fully believed that the population of the mainland was much the larger. This matter has been regularly pressed by Mr. Brown and others since, on the basis of the great preponderance of the white population on the mainland, especially in the district of New Westminster, and the present premier, Hon. Mr. Davie, was so much impressed with this view that in his opening speech he promised redistribution, he having accepted the statements of Mr. Brown and others as correct. But during the session my attention was called to the matter. I personally telegraphed to Ottawa for information as to whether the census bulletin, which gives the population British Columbia at something under 100,000 included Indians, and the reply came that it did. I also ascertained that there were 29,634 Indians on the mainland and 5,325 on the island. This so altered the condition of things from the generally accepted view as to give the mainland 2,214 more of a population than the island, whereas Mr. Brown and his friends had been claiming that the New Westminster district itself had a much larger population than our island. Since then additional information has been procured with respect to the Chinese population, which was found to be much larger on the mainland, thus leaving the island with 2,000 more people than the mainland. In view of such a condition of affairs the government could not undertake a redistribution of seats, especially on the lines proposed by Mr. Brown. As a matter of fact the mainland, having 17 members and the island only 16, is over represented.

The government in the meantime is taking steps to ascertain the exact proportion of population in the different sections.

"Now, with respect to the second point, the vote for $600,000 for public buildings, it has been condemned for years, and it has been found absolutely necessary to put up new buildings in the province, and we considered it much more economical to make them of such a character as not to require extension for years to come. The $600,000 will not be taken from the revenue, but is borrowed under the inscribed stock act, under which the province gets money at 3 per cent., and our bonds sell at 91, thus costing less than 3 1-2 per cent. Respecting the complaint that the expenditure on the mainland is not equal to that on the island, it may be pointed out that in addition to the large number of public works carried on there the government guarantees 4 per cent. interest on bonds of $20,000 per mile on about 160 miles of mainland railway."

Mr. Turner had much to tell of the development of the country, of railway extension and of mining. One very important railway is that of the Nakusp and Slocan line, which will open up one of the richest mineral districts in North America. The line through the Crow's Nest pass and along the southern boundary line to Spokane, in Washington territory, will be pushed and will open up the largest coal field yet discovered in the mainland, very fine veins of both anthracite and bituminous coal being found. He also spoke of a very important line which will connect the C. P. R. at Spence's bridge with the Nicola Valley, running through both mineral and stock farming lands. There is also a railway in course of construction on the lower Fraser river to the rich agricultural lands of the valley. For three of these lines the government has agreed to guarantee bonds for $20,000 per mile at 4 per cent. for 25 years, contingent on the condition that they obtain the usual Dominion subsidy. This, however, had been granted to the Nicola railway. The British Pacific line was very much talked about, and the government had extended their charter for another year, to enable the promoters to carry out their obligations. The C. P. R. were building a line between Nelson and Fort Sheppard into the rich mining country, connecting with the Nakusp line, thus enabling the minerals of that district to be shipped over the C. P. R. On his way east Mr. Turner covered part of the way on the Northern, and reports that the great subject of conversation in the mining districts of Idaho and Wyoming was the richness of the Kootenay country, and men were flocking there in large numbers. There was every reason to look for a notable development. A marked feature of the mining development was that the famous Cariboo district was coming into the hands of large syndicates who intended to adopt hydraulic mining to develop the gold deposits. A remarkable fact of which Mr. Turner spoke was that the Chinese were making thousands of dollars by washing the sand in the Cariboo country. One would come across them everywhere, especially in the Griswell country. The Indians also reached part of this harvest of gold by washing the deposits of the Fraser and Thompson rivers after the freshets. This was an indication of the richness of the country above. It was expected that a very important coal deposit of thousands of acres in extent would be opened up on Queen Charlotte island this summer. When Mr. Turner left experienced engineers were exploring the island for a syndicate of American capitalists. A big salmon harvest was expected on the Fraser this year. A half hour's chat with Mr. Turner strengthens the conviction that British Columbia is a wonderful country, about which even the best informed easterners know but little, because there is so much to know.

"SUBSTITUTION!"

Some Contend That Deception in Business is Only Human Nature.

"SUBSTITUTING" IS DONE BY SOME DEALERS!

Your Life Depends on Getting the Best!

"Oh, it's only human nature; it's just a matter of business, and the work is done every day in every department of trade!"

The man who made the above assertion is a business man; his remarks had reference to the work of "substituting." This work of "substituting" is done by some business men, but it is dishonest and mean. It is done by some for the purpose of selling goods that brings a larger profit, although they are inferior. The dealer gains, but the poor buyer is obliged to suffer in many ways.

Many honest and guileless people will be astonished to learn that this work of "substituting" is followed up by those who sell medicines. Scores of sick and suffering people who have wisely decided to use Paine's Celery Compound in order to banish disease and renew their strength, have had other medicines thrust upon them in such a manner that they could not refuse them. In this way the sick and suffering have been deceived, and the greedy merchants secures his large profits. It is sad to think that such business men exist, and work on from day to day, with no care or thought for the welfare of others.

It is, however, pleasing to know that such business men are in the minority, and that they will in time, find to their cost, that such practices will be frowned down. It is comforting to the afflicted and their friends to know that all honest merchants will, without hesitation, gladly respond to their customer's wishes and give them Paine's Celery Compound when it is asked for.

To those who have not yet used Paine's Celery Compound we would say, go to a merchant in whom you have confidence; he will give you Paine's Celery Compound with pleasure, and will speak favorably of it. When you are obliged to purchase from those you are not acquainted with, look well at the carton or bottle, and see that the trade mark, a stalk of "Celery" is there, as well as the name "Paine's." Your vigor, strength, health and very life in the future depends upon Paine's Celery Compound.

Ruskins House at Brantwood.

The house is white, plain and comfortable, absolutely unpretending. I remember noticing with a thrill the umbrella-stand in the glass door. So Mr. Ruskin had an umbrella just like other people! It seemed to me to be a dwelling planned for sunshine, and sunshine on the lakes is of a quality so sweet and rare that it counts for more than in any other place. The brightness of Brantwood, the squareness, and its unaffected comfortableness, were, I think, the chief characteristics. You had a general impression of solid, old-fashioned furniture, of amber-colored damask curtains and coverings; there were Turners and other water-color pictures in early frames upon the drawing-room walls—a Prout, I think, among them; there was a noble Titian in the dining-room, and the full-length portrait of a child in a blue sash over the sideboard has become familiar since then to the readers of "Praeterita;" and most certainly was there an absence of any of the art diphthongs and peculiarities of modern taste; only the simplest and most natural arrangements for the comforts of the inmates and their guests—Tukey carpets, steady round tables, and above all a sense of cheerful, hospitable kindness which seems to be traditional at Brantwood. Ruskin dispensed to his guests fine wheaten bread and Scotch cakes in many crisp circlet and crescent, and trout from the lake, and strawberries such as grow only on the Bantwood slopes—Mrs. Ritchie.

Sick Headaches and Their Treatment.

There are varieties of headaches produced by various causes, as overstudy or exhaustion; or by a peculiar state of the system, as the throbbing pain in the head which precedes apoplexy, but these should be prescribed for by a physician, writes Elizabeth Robinson Scovil in the May Ladies' Home Journal. In many cases the cause of the headache is deep-seaten and must be removed before permanent relief can be hoped for. Neuralgia in any part of the body implies that the nerves are starved and are crying out for food. This must be supplied before the pain will cease. There are, however, measures which can be tried to give temporary relief, and no one who has not suffered from the headaches of neuralgia knows what this means to the victim. Camphor and chloral, rubbed together until they form a liquid, may be painted over the spot, or a menthol pencil used in the same manner. In case these cannot be obtained the face should be bathed in very hot water, and a mustard paste applied, taking care not to leave it on long enough to blister. A flannel wet with chloroform liniment may be tried, and a hot water bag will sometimes ease the pain. A cup of hot tea followed by a teaspoonful of valerinate of ammonia may do good. A person subject to this form of headache should eat plenty of nourishing food, as fresh meat, all the cereals, vegetables, particularly beans and celery, and drink milk, hot or cold, and cocoa in preference to tea or coffee. These may be used as a stimulant in necessity, but not as a regular beverage. Friction of the body by rubbing is valuable and it should be kept warm in cold weather by suitable clothing, with flannel next the skin, especially at night.

The teeth should be examined by a dentist and properly attended to. If these measures fail a nerve tonic is necessary.

English As She Is Spoke.

Old bachelor (in want of a housekeeper)—And where did you say your last place was?

Applicant—My last situation was at Enemal, sir.

Old bachelor—What's the name of it—Animal?

Applicant—No, sir, Enemal.

Old bachelor—Where the dooce is that?

Applicant—It's in Suffick, sir, Lord Stradbrooke's.

Old bachelor—How do you spell it?

Applicant—Haitch, hee, hen, haitch, hay, hem, haitch, hay, hell, bell, sir.

Old bachelor (relieved)—O-o-o-o-o-h! Hen-ham-hull!

It is not what its proprietors say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. Hood's Sarsaparilla CURES.

SAYWARD

Situate Exactly Opposite the Historical Fort Sheppard, on the East Bank of the Columbia River at the Mouth of Beaver Creek, about Four Miles North of the Pend D'Oreille River and International Boundary Line.

SAYWARD Is a typical site for a large city, it is level bench land, perfectly adapted for building purposes, and is the Selected Junction of the River and Railway Transportation.

SAYWARD Is the only natural location for a centre of supply for the great Placer and Hydraulic Mines on the Pend D'Oreille and Salmon Rivers, and the Gold and Silver Mines of Trail Creek, now supplied by wagon road from the United States.

SAYWARD Is the Headquarters of the Contractor of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, now under construction. The main Railway Line runs through the Company's property, and a spur is to connect with the Steamboat Landing where all supplies are now being delivered for over One Thousand Railway Navvies.

Commissariat, Stores, Hotel Offices and Wagon Road now in course of construction, and an increasing daily business is being transacted. Alternate daily communication from Revelstoke, B.C., via Canadian Pacific Railway, and Northport, U.S., from all points south by the Spokane Falls & Northern Railway.

Sale of Lots commences at 11 a.m, THURSDAY Morning at my Office, No. 7 Board of Trade Building.

PRICES—$150 for Corners: $100 for Inside Lots. TERMS—One-third cash, one-third in two months, one-third in four months, with interest at 8 per cent. per annum on deferred payments.

For THE WEST KOOTENAY LAND COMPANY, L'd L'y,

JOSHUA DAVIES, Manager.

B. B. B.

Burdock Blood Bitters

Is a purely vegetable compound, possessing perfect regulating powers over all the organs of the system, and controlling their secretions. It so purifies the blood that it

CURES

All blood humors and diseases, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore, and this combined with its unrivalled regulating, cleansing and purifying influence on the secretions of the liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, render it unequalled as a cure for all diseases of the

SKIN

From one to two bottles will cure boils, pimples, blotches, nettle rash, scurf, tetter, and all the simple forms of skin disease. From two to four bottles will cure salt rheum or eczema, shingles, erysipelas, ulcers, abscesses, running sores, and all skin eruptions. It is noticeable that sufferers from skin

DISEASES

Are nearly always aggravated by intolerable itching, but this quickly subsides on the removal of the disease by B.B.B. Passing on to graver yet prevalent diseases, such as scrofulous swellings, humors and

SCROFULA

We have undoubted proof that from three to six bottles used internally and by outward application (diluted if the skin is broken) to the affected parts, will effect a cure. The great mission of B. B. B. is to regulate the liver, kidneys, bowels and blood, to correct acidity and wrong action of the stomach, and to open the sluice-ways of the system to carry off all clogged and impure secretions, allowing nature thus to aid recovery and remove without fail

BAD BLOOD

Liver complaint, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache, dropsy, rheumatism, and every species of disease arising from disordered liver, kidneys, stomach, bowels and blood. We guarantee every bottle of B. B. B. Should any person be dissatisfied after using the *first* bottle, we will refund the money on application personally or by letter. We will also be glad to send testimonials and information proving the effects of B. B. B. in the above named diseases, on application to T. MILBURN & CO., Toronto, Ont.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The 32nd drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad street (opposite View) on Saturday, 13th May, 1893, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

Shares can be had on application to the Secretary at his office, 46 Fort street.

May 7-td.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.,

(LIMITED)

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STREETS, UPSTAIRS,

Is now prepared to turn out all classes of work, such as

Maps, Checks, Drafts,
Bill Heads, Letter Heads,
Note Heads, Labels,
Wedding & Visiting Cards,
Etc., Etc.

VISITING CARDS printed from Copper plates and stone.

PORTRAITS enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's art.

Orders left at the TIMES Office or with the Manager will be promptly attended to

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners in and for the city of Victoria at its next sitting, June 14th, 1893, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the building known as "Duck's Building," situate on the west side of Broad street, between Johnson and Yates streets, in the city of Victoria.

Dated May 8th, 1893.

my8-td M. C. BROWN.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the undersigned this day bought out the general provision and business store of Kee Kee on 168 Government street, between Cormorant and Fisgard streets, Victoria, and all parties having claims against the old firm must present them at the store inside of ten days from this date, after which time I will not be responsible for them.

DUCK WAH.

Victoria, B.C., May 4th, 1893. m4-1w

QUICK TIME!!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

AND

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the Mt Shasta Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all points East and South.

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coas

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to EXPRESS TRAINS, affording superior accommodations for SECOND-CLASS Passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservations etc., call upon or address

TEOS A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent
No. 1113 Pacific Ave., Washington Block
E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agt. Tacoma, Wash.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 19,

Taking effect March 25, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily except Monday, at 18 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper's Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island Wednesday at 7 o'clock

For Moresby Island Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria Monday at 13 o'clock, Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper's Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this company leave for Port Simpson and intermediate ports every Monday at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

G. CARLTON, General Agent. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

New Telegraph Hotel.

Accommodation for 100 guests. This hotel is a three-story brick, with basement; has electric light and gas, and all the modern conveniences, and commands a fine view of the harbor. Terms, from $1 to $2 per day.

d&w JOHNATHAN MERRIFIELD.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—Pushing Canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; Permanent position. BROWN BROS. CO., Nurserymen, Portland, Oregon. mar25-m s & wk-3m

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Banner Oats, for seed. Apply to J. H. Wilson Brown, South Saanich, or Munroe Miller, 77 Johnson St. ap3-tf

FOR SALE—Cheap, one horse, harness and light express wagon. Apply to the Victoria Transfer Company, Broughton St. m24-tf

FOR SALE—160 acres of the West Saanich Road, 11 miles from Victoria, ¼ mile from Saanich Arm. 50 acres good bottom land, easily cleared. A splendid sheep farm. Good hunting and fishing. A small lake on property. Price $1,600. For particulars apply P. O. Box 104, Union, B.C. fe24-tf

FOR SALE—One half interest in a good milk business, with 28 cows and 7 horses, also 20 fine young heifers, and all kinds of farming implements, with a good run of customers; also 75 pigs, old and young, also one farm of 172 acres. For further particulars apply to James N. Algar, Nanaimo, B. C., Cranberry Distric n11-tf-d-w

TO LET.

TO LET—New cottages—4 rooms, $7, including water; one larger, with bath, $12. Apply Mrs. P. Wilson, 185 Douglas St., or Clarke St., Spring Ridge. ap14-1m

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION for light house-keeping at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St., James Bay. ap3-tf

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JOS. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

PHYSICIANS.

DRS. HALL & MACKECHNIE,
Ernest Hall, M.D., L.R.C.P., Edinburgh, Moorefields Eye Hospital late assistant in Central Throat and Ear Hospital, London.
H. N. Mackechnie, M.B., Toronto University.
Specialties—Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.
Glasses adjusted to imperfect Vision. Artificial eyes supplied.
Office, Jewel Block, cor. Yates and Douglas Sts., Victoria.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

PROF. TOTTENHAM,
Rheumatism and Neuralgia Specialist, Will be at home to patients on and after 1 o'clock p.m. daily at his residence, No. 56 Pandora Street. City Agents—: Thos. Shotbolt, Druggist, Johnson St.; C. E. Jones, Druggist, 36 Government Street; R. J. Atwood, Druggist, Douglas Street.

MUSICAL.

MR. ROBERT GEDDES
TEACHER OF GUITAR AND BANJO
Classes or private lessons. Apply at the Conservatory of Music, 97 Quadra street.

BANJO AND GUITAR INSTRUCTIONS
By Chicago's popular banjo player and guitarist, PROF. T. W. REAMER. Rare chance for beginners and advanced pupils. Room 73, Five Sisters Block. (Take elevator). Can be engaged for first-class entertainments only. m10-tf

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 22.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN
CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable.
Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY
GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Port and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. Coa and wood for sale a22-1y

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary. ja13

SONS OF ERIN
Meet in Pioneer Hall, Broad St., on second Wednesday in each month, at 8 p.m. All Irishmen are invited to join.
RICHARD ACKLAND, Hon. Sec'y.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m., to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
(el3 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. ly3 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. R. LAN LEY, 1-1y Scribe E.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knight are cordially invited to attend. E. PEMBERTON, oct8 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard st., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
F. C. SMITH, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

QUEEN'S MARKET,
L. GOODACRE,
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Thawmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Stoves supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 139

MEDIUM.
MRS. C MAYO-STEERS, 53 Vancouver Street. Séance, Tuesday and Friday evenings, 8 o'clock. Private reading, daily; evenings by appointment. ma2-1m

WE BEG TO INFORM
Victorians
That we have removed from 27 Fort Street to our new and spacious store
37 Fort Street,
5 doors above our old stand, where you can find the
Only Opticians
Of British Columbia, who have the knowledge, skill and experience to thoroughly test your eyes and fit you with proper glasses.
Who make a specialty of grinding complicated glasses and repairs of all kinds.
Who have the most complete stock of Spectacles, Eye Glasses and Optical Instruments in Canada.
Note the Change of Address:
F. W. Nolte & Co.,
(Successors to Hyams)
37 FORT STREET.

Real Estate.

1 House, full sized lot, fenced, close to tram; only $850; cash $150; balance on easy terms at 8 per cent.; cheap.
1 House and Lot, Cridiflower Road, only $750; cash $100; balance at 8 per cent., easy terms.
¼ acre Blocks, $2.0; 1 acre Blocks at $500; easy terms.
50 acres of good Land, 9 miles from city, railway crosses it; very cheap, $50 per acre.
100 acres of good land; 9 miles from city; very cheap, $25 per acre.
100 acres, improved; 12 heifers, 5 pigs, 4 doz. chickens, 1 horse, 1 cottage, woodshed, stable, chicken house, etc.; $60000 good terms.
29 acres, Cobble Hill, fine improved farm, $4,800.
200 acres, Cobble Hill, improved; $3,000, very easy terms.
63 acres, Cadboro Bay, 4 miles from P. O., under cultivation, with improvements costing $7,000; land $300 per acre; improvements $4,000; good terms.
Kaslo lots, in good position, cheap.
Several good Houses to Rent.
A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

VALUABLE ESTATE
For Sale or Exchange for City Property.
In consequence of sickness the owner has decided to sell the ranch known as Stroebel's Addition to the cities of Huntingdon and Sumas, an investment seldom offered; location good. One hundred acres of good bottom and prairie land, well ditched and improved; Farm House, Outbuildings, etc. This property is sure to become in the near future valuable town property, independent of being good farming land. It is at present a railway centre. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company purchased a piece of the above described quarter section for their station; and also for the proposed Chilliwack Railway coming in on this property, which will add one more to the many railways already there. The adjoining property constitutes the cities of Huntingdon and Sumas, where there is a population of 1000 people. The B.B. and B.C. Railway Company and the Northern Pacific Railway Company's stations are some two hundred yards from the land now offered for sale. The B.I. and F.V. Railway Company's station will be erected a few yards from this property, if not on it. Fifty acres ready for the plough. Part of it already in crop. The above is a good opening for anyone wishing to commence in the milk or dairy business. The buyer would have the privilege of running a large number of cattle over six thousand acres of unfenced prairie land adjoining the above place. This land is well adapted for hop raising, and will grow hay at the rate of four tons to the acre, which can be shipped into Vancouver by the B.I. and F.V. Railway or the Canadian Pacific at a moderate rate. The above place will be sold cheap. Possession can be given at any time. Terms will be made liberal and made to suit the purchaser. A large percentage of the purchase consideration will be allowed to remain on mortgage security at current rate of interest. Further particulars on application to undersigned. Apply to
A. W. MORE & CO.,
(Late of the Bank of B.C.)
Mortgage Brokers, 70 Douglas St., Victoria

Will Buy or Sell
PROPERTY IN
Kaslo
Correspondence Solicited.
D. G. WILLIAMS,
Kaslo, B. C.

An Atlantic Voyage
Tickets for passage to or from Great Britain and Europe issued at LOWEST RATES. Berths reserved by telegraph without extra charge.
HALL, GOEPEL & CO.,
AGENTS,
Cunard, Inman and White Star Steamship Lines

MUSIC STUDIO.
Pupils received for Piano and Organ.
G. J. BURNETT,
Organist St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.
STUDIO: 93½ Douglas St.
ma3-tf

An Act of Charity.

A few months since through the explosion of a boiler on Tumbo Island—a loss of two lives— one a Mr. Morrison, of this city, whose wife is now left destitute, and to raise a small sum on her behalf, a friend has purchased one of the grandest and best made pianos ever imported, by Bush & Gerts of Chicago. The piano has been purchased at cost price, $550.00, and it is proposed to sell 650 tickets at $1.00 each, making $100 to benefit the widow. Those who will purchase one or more tickets will do an act of charity as well as having a chance of purchasing for $1.00 this fine piano, which is now on view at T. W. Fletcher's, 47 Fort street.

The drawing for the piano will be conducted after the plan of Building Societies, as soon as tickets are sold. Notice of same will be published. my8-1w

AMUSEMENTS.

Celebration · Committee

THE SPORTS & GAMES COMMITTEE.
Meet in the City Hall on Tuesday Evening, at 8 o'clock.

THE RECEPTION COMMITTEE
Meet in the City Hall on Thursday Evening, at 8 o'clock.

THE REGATTA COMMITTEE
Meet in the City Hall on Friday Evening, at 8 o'clock.

BEAUMONT BOGGS, Secretary.

☞ This space will be reserved for Committee Meeting Notices.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Thursday & Friday, May 11th and 12th

CINDERELLA
A Brilliant Spectacular Production.

The Chidren's Fairy Story.
Mothers' and Fathers' Remembrances.
Superb Array of Specialty Artists.
New and Original Music.
Entrancing and Electrical Scenic Effects.
Beautiful Fairyland Scene.
Dazzling Prince's Palace.

A TRANSFORMATION SCENE
Unequalled in the History of the Stage.

☞ Seats $1.00 and 50c. Now on sale at JAMIESON'S.
m8-5t

Removal.
DR. A. T. WATT has removed his office to No. 85 Fort Street.
TELEPHONE No. 240.
m8-1m

Dental Notice.
Have made arrangements to keep office open from 9 a. m. to 5.30 p. m., during my absence from the city.
T. J. JONES, L.D.S.

E. E. WELCH,
Accountant and General Collector.
Books posted and balanced. Incomes collected. Offices: 10 and 11 Bank of B. C. Building, Government St. ma1-3m

NOTICE.
The 66th Drawing for an appropriation in the Vancouver Island Building Society, will be held in the Sir William Wallace Society's Hall, Broad Street, on Friday the 12th inst., at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are not in arrears.

By order.
B. WILLIAMS, Sec'y.
Victoria, B.C., May 5th, 1893.—td

British Tars to the Rescue.

Members of the crew of the Blake, says a New York dispatch, showed their bravery in the rescue of five people from drowning. The Blake seemed to be the objective point of every tug boat on the river above Forty-second street, to say nothing of the fleet of rowboats that made half hourly trips from the Ninety-sixth street wharf. From 12 o'clock noon until sunset the stream of visitors kept up, and the polished oak decks were so crowded that order could not be preserved. The crowd, unused to naval discipline, went everywhere and violated some of the strictest rules, until finally Commander Baily called out a squad of marines and lined them up with fixed bayonets to enforce order. Tugboats scraped the sides of the ship, broke the gangways and did other discourteous things, until the commodore lost his temper and issued orders to allow no more such craft to pull up and make fast to the Blake. Little cockleshells were loaded down with people, and with the scrambling to get on the gangways it was a marvel that the river was not full of struggling people. The only accident, however, that for the time promised to prove a casualty occurred at 5 p. m. At that hour there were fully 2,000 people aboard the Blake, and the river was swarming with puffing, scurrying launches and all kinds of boats. One of the smallest of the rowboats which had put out for the Blake contained James Brown and his 12-year-old son John, of 419 West Forty-third street, another man and two oarsmen. Suddenly the swell from one of the numerous big excursion boats hit the skiff broadside and in an instant the five occupants were struggling in the water. Among those who had anticipated the accident was Robert Halfyard, a seaman on board the Blake. Excitement aboard ship was intense. Women screamed and men rushed aimlessly about in their utter helplessness to save the drowning boy and men. Finally a voice sounded from the crowd on the forward deck, "Make away there" and in the same instant the short but muscular form of an English tar mounted the rail and dived right into the midst of the struggling forms below. It was Robert Halfyard, and a cheer that resounded a mile away went up as a moment later he was seen to strike out for a tug with the Brown boy in his arm. One of the men grabbed him and pulled him under the water, but the seaman let go the boy and hit the man in the face, loosening the hold. Then the boy was picked up again. Robert Hunt, another of the Blake's crew; and Henry Lloyd, also an able seaman, plunged in to the assistance of Halfyardd, and the three succeeded in rescuing the drowning men. It was an exceedingly dramatic scene, and such unbounded enthusiasm wes perhaps never witnessed by Her Majesty,s tar before. Halfyard was complimented by Commodore Bailey and was overwhelmed with flattery the remainder of the day. He looked little the worse for his experience, as he afterwards walked the deck of the Blake. He was pointed out to scores of ladies, who wanted to shake hands with the brave fellow and congratulate him for his heroic rescue.

Millinery opening show day Tuesday. Latest novelties. Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city, per week.....25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year..... $10 00

THE WEEKLY TIMES
is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:
CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.
NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1 50.
SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion, the type used for general reading, and placed in reading columns, 25c a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.
Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.
Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN, Manager.

Changes of Advertisements.
It is necessary that copy for changes of advertisements (to be sure of insertion) should be handed in on the day previous to that of their appearance.

The Daily Times.

THE UNITED STATES TARIFF.

In an article this morning the Colonist says: "The goods upon which duties were collected imported into the United States last year were valued at $335,500,000, and the duties paid amounted to $173,000,000, or an ad valorem rate of 49 per cent. all round. This is the tariff which those consistent free traders, the Canadian advocates of unrestricted reciprocity, would have the Dominion adopt.' Then a little further on it talks in this way:—"It is no wonder that the people of the United States are demanding tariff reform. This they will be sure to get, though not to the extent of free trade or anything like it." Our good neighbor generally contrives to expose its own absurdities; but not always so completely as in this case. Manifestly, if it were true that the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity had proposed the adoption of the U. S. tariff it would have been with the expectation of such reform as the Colonist now says is sure to come. But it is not true that the adoption of the U. S. tariff was proposed by the advocates of unrestricted reciprocity. That is simply one of the Colonist's misrepresentations.

THE MINISTERIAL STORY.

Hon. Mr. Davie in New Westminster and Hon. Mr. Turner in Montreal, boldly made the statement that the agitation on the Mainland is the work of a few agitators and malcontents. The Minister of Finance was quite safe from immediate contradiction, and the numerous absurdities contained in the interview which we reproduce to-day will have all the benefit of the Gazette's circulation, without any correction. Of course it is easy for Mr. Turner to lead eastern people astray in regard to the magnitude of the Mainland agitation and in regard to the population figures, for none of them have any better sources of information at hand, but Premier Davie could hardly have expected to succeed as well with the people of New Westminster. The way in which he made the effort was quite worthy of that feature of the hon. gentleman's character which some people call dauntless courage and others designate his "sublime cheek." But if he had at the commencement any idea that his hearers were likely to be carried away by his hardihood of assertion, he must have been undeceived before the close of the meeting. It is to be inferred from the proceedings that New Westminster and the surrounding district have had quite enough of the Davie Government, and that the people of the Mainland generally will not hesitate to pronounce against it when the general election gives them an opportunity.

Time brings about queer changes in the Irish situation. The "party of law and order" is now engaged in obstructing the Home Rule bill in Parliament, employing just such tactics as they unsparingly condemned when resorted to by Parnell and his followers. And the Nationalists look on with pleasure while the cloture is applied to the obstructionists of to-day, though they objected to it most strenuously when they felt its pressure themselves. Then some overzealous Unionist, not satisfied with constitutionalist methods, has taken it into his head to set off dynamite cartridges in Dublin as a means of discrediting the present regime. This scheme is of much the same character as that other Tory scheme of raising rebellion and riots in Ulster. What would the loyal Unionists have said if they had found the Liberals inciting the south of Ireland to rebellion and making use of dynamite for the purpose of furthering the Home Rule cause?

Nelson Tribune:—At the next session of the Legislative Assembly a bill should be passed to deprive mine-owners of all property rights whatsoever. It would be much better for both the Government and the mine-owners, as the latter would then not be in doubt as to their possessions, and the former would be in possession of something valuable to deal out to hangers-on.

San Francisco Examiner:—It is a pity that the bands could find nothing better than "America" to play at the climax of the opening exercises of the World's Fair. From long association with the words we have tacked to the stolen music we may be able to make ourselves believe that "God Save the Queen" is an American national anthem, but we can hardly expect to produce the same effect on foreigners, whose associations have all been with the British version. Even the "Star-Spangled Banner" would have been better, for while the words are rather inappropriate to an occasion of peace and good will, the air is inspiring, and, if not original, has at least not been pre-empted by any other country to accompany a national hymn.

THE LIBRARY.

To the Editor: When will our city fathers see their way clear to confer a boon on business and the working classes of this city by allowing the library to be open in the evening at such an hour as to enable them to make a proper use of this so-called public institution? If means run short to provide an assistant librarian by all means let us be denied some of the superfluities indulged in.

A BUSINESS WOMAN.

TAX ON INSURANCE MEN.

To the Editor: Mr. Beaumont Boggs, in a letter to the Times, complains of the tax of $300 imposed by the city on fire insurance companies, and is surprised that single taxers should not have taken the matter up. He considers the tax a relic of the days of the window and travellers' licenses taxes. Mr. B. should remember that single taxers are opposed to all taxes except the one on land values, and that they have no particular reason to attack the fire insurance any more than the numerous other taxes, such as trades licenses, road tax, provincial revenue tax, and, above all, the N. P. tariff tax. Of course the insurance tax presses heavily on Mr. Boggs and his fellow insurance agents, but he seemed to have forgotten this when the last municipal election was going on. He was then the energetic secretary of the Business Men's Association, and it was in his office that their hole-in-the-corner meetings were held. This association boasts of having returned six of the present council, and nearly all of them seem to be innocent of any knowledge of equity in taxation. If Mr. B. and his fellow business men had inquired better into the views of the candidates, in fact if they had conducted their business in a business-like manner—had made a platform first and appointed candidates afterwards—they might now, perhaps, have had an intelligent city council who understood where to lay the burden of taxation. As it is now, Mr. B. has no reason to complain.

SINGLE TAXER.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The fishery in Maritime Province waters is poor and late.

At Osgoode Hall the other day the local option by-law passed in Stouffville was quashed.

C. F. Bridgeman has shot and killed his wife in Montreal. Bridgeman lived for several years in Winnipeg.

David McLean, of Hamilton, had an artery accidentally cut and died before the flow of blood could be stopped.

Hon. Messrs. Bowell and Foster will prosecute the tariff enquiry in the Maritime Provinces during the next two weeks.

A million and a quarter acres of lands were surveyed for settlement last year. This season double that quantity will be surveyed.

Bertha, the handsome 18-year-old daughter of William Milne, of Kincardine township, committed suicide yesterday with strychnine. There is no known cause for the act.

Matilda Dixon, wife of John Dixon, a respectable farmer of Trafalgar, Ont., has been committed for trial on a charge of uttering a forged promissory note for three hundred dollars.

The first mail matter from Great Britain for Japan this season, to go by the Canadian route, arrived by the Labrador at Quebec on Sunday. It will go by the C. P. R. steamer leaving Vancouver May 15.

The alimony suit of Mrs. Jane Clark Allen against her husband, Dr. Wm. C. Allen, formerly of Cornwall, but now practicing at Fort McLeod, was set aside at Osgood Hall on the ground that the action should have been brought in the Northwest Territories.

One day last week the first Michigan Central engine went over the road from Windsor without stopping for water. The new tanks to supply moving trains with water worked well. The engine scooped up a supply of water while moving at the rate of 25 miles an hour.

At a meeting of the Congregational district union in Toronto, a resolution was passed deprecating the action of those representatives of Congregationalism who had waited on the Toronto Presbytery some months ago with propositions looking towards a union of the two denominations.

Alfred Frost, County Crown Attorney for Grey county, died at Owen Sound.

William Geiss, one of the best known residents of Hamilton, is dead, aged 47.

Albert Cross, aged 40, married, was found drowned in four feet of water in Toronto. Nathanael Townsend, for over 30 years a resident of the west end of Toronto, is dead.

George Olds, general traffic manager of the Canadian Pacific railway, who has just returned to Montreal from a trip to Duluth and other points west, was interviewed regarding the quantity of grain now in store in Manitoba and the Northwest. The latest returns, he said, were 2,034,320 bushels of wheat, 124,000 bushels of oats, and 33,500 bushels of barley stored in the interior, while the Canadian Pacific elevators at Fort William contained no less than 3,111,865 bushels.

In an interview a leading Montreal cattle dealer expressed the belief that if the embargo on the other side of the water was raised fully 100,000 head would be sent from Montreal this season, but that if the imperial authorities persist in the restriction not more than half the number mentioned would be shipped. This estimate is confirmed by others interested in the trade. A majority of these exporters believed Canadian live cattle will be admitted into the interior of Great Britain within a short time.

Among the exhibitors from the united counties at the World's Fair will be P. C. Browen, of Winchester, who is the owner of what is probably one of the largest horses in the world. Jumbo, as this mastodon is called, stands 21 3-4 hands high, measures 18 feet from the end of his nose to the tip of his tail, and weighs 2100 pounds. He was bred by Richard Scott, of Berwick, township of Finch, and has a full grown sister weighing 1630 pounds. Mr. Browen recently purchased Jumbo from P. Masterson, of Finch, for a large sum, and after a tour through Canada, will take him to the World's Fair.

No official intimation has been yet received at Ottawa of the appointment of a successor to His Excellency, although it is stated, with some degree of definiteness, that Lord Stanley does not expect to remain in Canada after July 1. If Lord Aberdeen is appointed Governor-General, he will hardly assume the duties of his office until September, as it is expected he will return to England in order to support the Home Rule bill when it reaches the House of Lords. In the event of Lord Stanley's departure before the arrival of the new governor, Chief Justice Strong will be appointed administrator.

C. E. Sorttum, of E. Sorttum & Co., Christiania, Norway, had an interview with Messrs. Bowell and Foster at Ottawa yesterday, and they decided to appoint him commercial and emigration agent for Canada in Norway, Sweden and Denmark. He says he has found importers in Northern Europe to be very conservative. They have been buying their foreign produce from the States in the past and do not at first take kindly to the new goods. Since the passage of the McKinley bill they have shown a more kindly feeling to Canada. He hopes in a couple of years to develop a good business in Canadian produce.

HIS ACTION PUZZLES.

A Man With a Double-Barrelled Name Publishes a Denial.

Nanaimo, May 10.—The denial of W. Taylor Ramsay, published in the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, regarding the bonding of certain coal lands on Gabriola Island, has caused quite a sensation among the owners of the land, who are at a loss to understand its meaning. It is perfectly true that the above named came here with the necessary documents to show that he meant business. Although he did not visit the island he met several of the holders and made a proposition to them.

Ex-Mayor Hilbert suggests that a fire alarm system for the benefit of the city be arranged with the aid of the New V. C. Co. and the electric light works. He thinks a fire could be easily located by the blowing of the whistle a certain number of times to indicate the street the fire is on. Information of the fire could be telephoned to the company's works during the day and at night to the electric works, and much trouble be saved.

The following teams have entered for the association football tournament, which comes off at Northfield next Saturday afternoon: Nanaimo Rangers, Y.M.C.A., Alphas, Northfield Amateur Athletic Association's first and second teams and the Northfield Wanderers.

DECLINES TO SAIL.

Captain of the Tacoma Still Obdurate—Work Started on the B. I. & F. V. Ry.

Vancouver, May 10.—It is stated that Captain Webster's resignation as manager of the Union Steamship Company, is in the hands of the directors.

Captain Thornton, of the barkentine Tacoma, declines to go to Portland with his Chinese cargo till secured against loss through seizure or other legal complications there.

J. A. Virtue, before leaving the Hotel Vancouver to take charge of the Mount Baker Hotel, was presented with a gold mounted cigar case last night.

The surveyors have started on the Burrard Inlet and Fraser Valley Railway from the Vancouver end.

About 150 Vancouver people attended Premier Davie's New Westminster meeting last night.

Unionist Dynamite.

Dublin, May 7.—The police guarded all night the Four Courts, in which a bomb was exploded at 10:40 last evening. They found in the quadrangular court yard a time fuse and the fragments of a large zinc canister, similar to those left by the explosion in Exchange Court last December. The paving stones in the yard were loosened, but the walls of the court building were but little injured. The police say the bomb was evidently thrown into the deep area from the King Inn quay, which is on the river Liffey, between Whitworth and Richmond bridges, and just opposite the court building. The explosion was heard more distinctly from a distance than near by. It roused everybody at the Kilmainham barracks and Lord Wolseley dispatched at once an orderly to report on the trouble. Before midnight thousands had gathered at the Four Courts. To-day a number of people have been in the neighborhood, but the crowds have been kept back by a double cordon of police, who will keep the court yard intact until after the arrival of the government inspector. The purpose of the persons throwing the bomb was not to sacrifice human life. At night the Four Courts and all the immediate neighborhood are deserted, so there was not the slightest chance that anybody would be killed by the explosion. The Nationalists believe that the thrower of the bomb intended to embarrass the government. The police attribute the act to a Unionist agent, who wished to make the impression that the Irish extremists were eager to remind the people of the Phoenix park assassination.

Wills' English Pills I'll always use,
They never gripe nor pain;
All other pills I will refuse,
Their promises are vain.

Price 25 cents. For sale by all druggists; or sent post paid upon receipt of price, by Wells & Richardson Co., Montreal, P.Q. 8-9-10

Money for Satolli's Residence.

New York, May 10.—The visit next Saturday of Delegate Satolli to the bishop of Newark and Patrick Corrigan of Hoboken will be made the occasion of praise offerings from the diocese of New York. Archbishop Corrigan will soon issue an order to the clergy on the necessity of contributing generously to the Washington residence for Delegate Satolli. Bishop Wigger has already started a subscription in his diocese. The action of the New York diocese is thought to indicate that satisfactory relations have been established with Satolli.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Best Blood Purifier, LANGLEY'S Sarsaparilla

HOW TO BE GRACEFUL.

Miss Mabel Jenness on Physical Culture and Dress Reform.

VERY INTERESTING TALK TO WOMEN

She Explains and Illustrates How Women Should Dress, Walk, Stand, Sit, and Ascend Stairs — Gracefulness Obtained Without Corsets or Steels.

There were eight gentlemen and about ten times as many ladies present at the Victoria theatre last evening to listen to Miss Mabel Jenness' lecture on "Physical Culture and Dress Reform." The lecture, or, as it might more properly be called, the chat, was very interesting, and when the wrong way of doing things was shown it was amusing. Miss Jenness showed and gave illustrations of how women should walk and how 99 out of every 100 do walk; that is, improperly. Then she illustrated how women would persist in sitting, or rather, as she said, collapsing every time they sat down. Women were shown how they should ascend stairs and the different ways in which they at present do it. As Miss Jenness said, they are too apt to make their poor, unfortunate feet do a lot of work that should be done by the hands. They will, for instance, instead of carrying their dresses in their hands, kick them out of the way with their feet. It was amusing to see the ladies changing their position when told how they should sit.

After Miss Jenness had fully explained how women should walk, sit and ascend stairs, all of which she does very gracefully, she showed how women should dress. To do this it was necessary to change costumes several times. Morning, afternoon, evening and walking dresses were donned. They were all cut Princesse and looked very pretty on the wearer, but the question that no doubt passed through the mind of every one present was, "would every woman look as graceful in a similar dress?" Miss Jeness said that although her dresses are not too loose, she is almost as free to walk, run and jump as a man. It is needless to say that she is opposed to the corset, which she asserts forces women to breathe from the breast instead of from the waist, the breathing organs being ruined. There are only a few light bones in all of her dresses; corsets and steels of every kind being to her mind injurious and unnecessary. A graceful, rounded waist she says, can be obtained if women would only walk, sit and stand properly. They should always in walking allow the ball of their feet to touch the ground first. In sitting the back should rest entirely on the back of the chair, and the spine should not be forced to support the weight of the whole body. In leaning forward the body should be bent at the hips and not at the waist, as most women do. Of course the dress has to be cut properly to ensure this graceful waist. The whole weight of the dress must not fall on the hips. Each and every portion of the body should support its fair share of the garment.

Miss Jenness is also free from another nuisance which women for the sake of fashion put up with. On a windy day her skirts do not get tangled up with her feet. They are just short enough to clear the ground, as she refuses to make a scavenger of herself by gathering up the dirt of the sidewalk, and consequently the wind does not interfere with her and she does not have to stop at the corner and unwind her skirts. A number of other little actions that tend to make women graceful were explained, after which Miss Jenness gave the ladies an opportunity to question her in regard to her dress. A couple of questions were asked and answered, and then the gentlemen were given five minutes in which to ease their minds of any uncertainties that had arisen during the lecture. One gentleman asked what a dress similar to the one which was so beneficial to womankind would cost.

Miss Jenness was afraid to say, besides, she said, "men have no right to ask such questions."

Another gentleman, a newspaper man, and consequently too modest to rise and ask a question, was writing one in respect to the crinoline, when Miss Jenness, as if she had expected the question, started on that subject. "In the first place," she said, "I do not think the crinoline will ever come in, but if it should I assure you the smallest women would wear the largest crinolines. I am sure that I will not wear one, and I do not think that any sensible women will."

At this point the gentlemen were requested to retire, while the ladies were given a little additional lecturing. The divided skirt was the subject treated, explained and illustrated.

The lecture was decidedly interesting and instructive, and the large number of ladies who remained away missed a treat and an opportunity to learn something that might have made them more graceful and blessed them with better health.

Sewer Pipe.

Now is the time to make house connections and ward off all contagious diseases before it is too late. The B. C. Pottery Co. keep the largest and best assortment of pipes and fittings, made by white skilled labor. They sell the only vitrified salt glazed pipe in the market. Pronounced A1 by competent sanitary engineers. We also keep constantly on hand an unsurpassed quality of fire brick. Encourage home industry. B. C. Pottery and Terra Cotta Co., corner Government and Broughton streets.

An Unusual Wedding.

Hard times is married to bad weather and the combination is N. G. It makes the people hustle for cheap goods. Luckily Russell, McDonald & Co., the Douglas street merchants, foresaw the consequence of this marriage and prepared for it by laying in an immense stock of dry goods and millinery that they can afford to sell at half price.

Died at Portsmouth.

W. E. H. Corson, formerly of the Esquimalt dock yard, and son-in-law of E. Mallandaine, of this city, died at Portsmouth, England, on April 18th. His death was caused by inflammation of the lungs and ended a short two weeks' illness. The widow and her children will return to Victoria.

To be Repeated.

There will be a conversazione at the Reformed Episcopal school room on Friday evening, at which by special request from several sources "Fairy Revels" will be repeated. There will also be a very fine programme given in connection with the tableaux.

They Have no Equal

As snap buyers of fashionable dress goods. Russell, McDonald & Co.

Don't Hurry

But be in time and have your pick of the 40c. flannelette blouses that are being offered at the Lansdowne House, 86 Yates street.

Their First Concert.

The Arion Club has issued invitations for their first concert, which is to be held in Institute Hall, View street, on the 17th. The club numbers among its members some of the best vocalists in the city.

To Grade Stanley Avenue.

Ald. Belyea has given notice of his intention to introduce a by-law to provide for the grading of and the laying of a sidewalk on both sides of Stanley avenue. He will also move this evening that the corporate seal be attached to the police barracks contract.

Bishop Perrin at Winnipeg.

A dispatch from Winnipeg last evening announced the arrival there in the morning of His Lordship Bishop Perrin, accompanied by his sister. They visited Chicago, Niagara Falls and other places of interest in the east. They left Winnipeg yesterday. His Lordship will preach his first sermon on Sunday next.

Work on the Victoria & Sidney.

The contract for the Victoria and Sidney Railway has been awarded to Mr. T. W. Patterson, who started a gang of graders to work at Sidney yesterday. Work will be pushed ahead with all possible speed. It is expected that the line will be completed and in operation before the fall.

Christ Church Vestry.

A meeting of the vestry of Christ Church cathedral for the purpose of naming delegates to the synod was held last evening. There were a number nominated from among whom the following were chosen: Dr. Hasington, P. Wollaston, jr., J. Coltardt, Hon. Justice Crease, B. H. T. Drake and J. B. Gordon. Dr. Hasington declined to accept the honor and his place will have to be filled.

Supplies for the Canneries.

There was a busy scene on the C.P.N. docks early this morning. As many men as could conveniently operate trucks were at work loading the river and other steamers with cannery and other supplies. About 4000 cases of tin which will make four times as many cans were shipped, besides a lot of salt and provisions. This, however, is only a small proportion of the large amount of goods that are being shipped from Victoria to the canneries this year.

Will Go Farther North.

There are prospects that the C.P.N. Company will, in a short time, begin steamboat service to the far northern portion of the west coast of the Island in addition to the regular semi-monthly service to Alberni, Uculet and way ports. When the new system is commenced the boats will run to Clayoquot, Quatsino Sound and way ports. The C. P. N. Company, always ready to assist in the development of the province as far as steamers will do it, recognize that industries and settlements are certain to spring up on the northwestern coast of the Island.

The Probable Programme.

The celebration sports and games committee will offer medals to cost $100 for a baseball match between local teams on the 23rd. Seventy-five dollars has also been voted by the committee for a junior lacrosse match. The programme will probably be as follows: Tuesday, 23rd—9 a.m., baseball; 11 a.m., exhibition of trap shooting; 11 a.m., foot races, etc., on Beacon Hill; 12 a.m., bicycle races; 2:30 p.m., championship lacrosse match. Wednesday, 24th—9 a.m., inter-city rifle match; 9:30 a.m., junior lacrosse match. The aquatic events are not mentioned, as the time for them will be fixed by the regatta committee.

For the Celebration.

Ladies' and children's hats, flowers and wreaths, at Russell, McDonald & Co.'s, 134 Douglas steet.

Handy for Firemen.

For some time firemen have had a great deal of trouble in obtaining a snap that would make it easy to hitch up and that would not unfasten while the team is running. On several occasions in this city, although the department has the most improved snaps, accidents have occurred by the bit or pole snaps. Chief Deasy has invented a snap that will prevent such occurrences in future. It is a snap in a snap. The ring to be hitched after going through the first snap gets behind a spring out of which it cannot come unless it is removed by someone. It hitches quickly, and therefore there will be no delay in that respect. Snaps are very often worked off a ring by the passing of the pole, but with this new snap this is impossible.

The Officers Installed.

Deputy Chief Supreme Ranger Grant, assisted by Bro. D.S.C.R. Holden and Bro. Deputy Supreme Secretary Douglas, also Court Deputy Falconer, Bro. E. A. McEachern, Supreme Marshal, fully organized Court Fernwood, I.O.F., with a charter membership of 36. The following officers were installed: P.C.R., W. F. Fullerton; C.R., J. H. Adams; V.C.R., W. H. Spoffard; F.S., M. W. Carter; R.S., A. P. Moffat; chaplain, Rev. P. H. McEwen; treasurer, H. C. Lucas; S.W., B. Cooper; J.W., J. R. Barlow; S.B., W. H. Johnson; J. B., J. Partos; physician, Dr. Ernest Hall. The court has the promise of being one of the most successful on the coast. The supreme officers intend organizing a court at Victoria West on Friday.

R.A.O.B., Pioneer Lodge of B. C.

Important business will be transacted this evening, due notice of which was given in the Daily Times last week. The four new candidates balloted for will be initiated into the mysteries and learn the wild habits of the British Columbia Buffaloes. There will be a grand round-up of the Buffs this evening, to welcome Primo Boalzier, from H.M.S. Champion, who will give his experience of Buffalo life on the prairies of America. Those wishing to join the B. C. tribe will get all the information required by calling upon Mr. Dodgeon, of the American Hotel. The initiation fee at present is small, but it may be raised about the end of July. Wandering Buffaloes are always welcome at the weekly round-up, held every Wednesday at the American Hotel.

Husbands Don't Kick

At the expense of a new dress if it is bought at Russell, McDonald & Co.'s. It costs almost nothing.

A FRATERNAL VISIT.

Colfax Rebekah Lodge, Victoria, Entertained by Miriam Rebekah Lodge.

Yesterday, morning about 20 members of Colfax Rebekah Lodge left for Nanaimo on the invitation of Miriam Rebekah Lodge of that city, to pay a fraternal visit. The hospitality for which Nanaimo's citizens are noted, was cordially extended to the visitors. The Noble Grand, Mrs. Gourlay, of Miriam Lodge, with a committee of ladies was at the station to meet them, and after having satisfied their somewhat keen appetites, provided carriages for a drive around points of interest in Nanaimo, Wellington and Departure Bay.

In the evening the regular lodge meeting was held, and three candidates were initiated, the work being performed in a very satisfactory manner. After lodge an excellent concert and dance was held in St. Paul's Institute, some of Nanaimo's best amateurs taking part in the programme. At noon to-day the party of Victorians returned, and express themselves as more than pleased with the treatment received in the Black Diamond city.

At St. Saviour's.

Ascension day services in St. Saviour's church, Victoria West, will be as follows: Holy Communion, 8 a.m., service, 8 p.m.

It Seldom Rains Here

When the sun shines, and when it does shine you cannot do better than take a walk up to Russell, McDonald & Co.'s, and see their wonderful bargains in dress goods and millinery.

Smoking Concert.

After their regular meeting to be held this evening in Pioneer Hall, the Sons of Erin will hold a smoking concert. A good programme has been prepared and a pleasant evening is anticipated.

Benchers' Meeting.

The meeting of the Benchers of the Law Society called for 11 a.m. to-day was adjourned sine die owing to the absence of a quorum of the members.

Annual Entertainment.

The young ladies of Cedar Hill are arranging for their annual entertainment, which this year takes place on the 29th inst. This is always one of the pleasantest entertainments of the year, and it is sure to be well attended.

Seized the Baskets.

The police to-day seized four baskets belonging to Chinese peddlers, who refused to pay their licenses. This is the only way in which Chinese peddlers can be forced to pay the license. They would sooner pay the license than lose their baskets.

Sunday Closing.

The barbers of the city who are in favor of Sunday closing are going to petition the council to pass a by-law forcing all the barber shops to close. The proprietors of the larger shops are not in favor of closing as they say that they cannot shave all who want to be shaved on Saturday.

Is Still Missing.

F. P. Harlow, agent of the Northern Pacific Express Company, at Seattle, is in the city on a business trip. He says that the $3000 express package stolen two weeks ago has not yet been found. Both Messengers Squires and Hopkins, who were under suspicion, have been discharged. The money will most likely never be recovered.

Reception to Business Men.

The directors of the Y.M.C.A. will give a reception to the business men of the city at their rooms on Broad street this evening. This is the first affair of the kind ever given. A large attendance of business men is looked for. The rooms have been prettily decorated and the guests of the association will be given a pleasant evening.

Cedar Hill's Delegates.

At a meeting held last evening the following gentlemen were elected to represent the Cedar Hill district at the general synod: Messrs. J. W. Tolmie, W. C. Ward, Major Dupont, Lindley Crease, F. J. Claxton and Dr. T. J. Jones. These delegates will represent St. Luke's, Cedar Hill, St. Michael's, Lake district, Barnsby mission and all the missions in Cedar Hill distrct.

County Court.

The case of Jackson against Pierre, which was partially ventilated in the police court a few days ago, was settled in the county court to-day. The Chief Justice refused to allow many of the extraordinary claims made on both sides, as they were for the value of articles given as presents and tokens of mutual esteem and affection at various times. The plaintiff recovers about $200 out of the $500 he gave.

Settled at Last.

A dispatch from Ottawa contains the pleasing intelligence that the owners and masters of sealing vessels, who were made allowances for losses under the modus vivendi of 1891, will be paid immediately, or at least as soon as it can be sent here. The money owing to seamen and hunters will be withheld until their identification is settled. Sealing men think that the department should have acted long ago. They have been kept out of their money for no reason at all. The matter would probably not be settled yet had not several sealing men appealed to Thomas Earle, M.P., who telegraphed to Ottawa.

The Musical Society's Concert.

The concert of the Musical Society last night at the Y. M. C. A. in aid of that organization drew a large and fashionable audience. The hall was prettily decked for the occasion. The Stabat Mater (Rossini) made up the first part, the numbers being rendered as follows: Chorus and quartette, Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Janion, Mr. Aspland and Mr. Pegram; aria, "Cujus Animam," Mrs. Macnaughton; duet, "Quis est Homo," Mrs. Harris and Mrs. Helmcken; recitative and chorus, "Ela Mater," Sir M. B. Begbie; solo, "Cavatina," Mrs. Harris; and quartette, "Sancta Mater," Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Helmcken, Mr. Aspland and Mr. Perfect.

The second half of the programme was as follows:

Solo and chorus—"Ave Maria" ..... (ladies' voices) ..... Mendelssohn
Mrs. Shaw.
Trio—"Ernani" .....
Mrs. Jones, Mr. Wortock and Sir M. B. Begbie.
Violin solo—"Souvenir de Bellini" .... Artot
Mr. Ernest Wolff.
Solo—"Anchored" ..... Michael Watson
Mr. Aspland.
Chorus—"The Lord is My Shepherd" .... (ladies' voices) ..... Schubert.

Mrs. Day acted as accompanist, assisted by Miss Aspland and Mrs. Helmcken.

See the New Jackets
AT
SPENCER'S ARCADE.
JUST RECEIVED TO-DAY
Display of New SUMMER MILLINERY
Tuesday, May 9th.
SEE WINDOW
D. SPENCER, Government St.

Boys' Washing Suits
$1.00, $1.25 $1 50 and $2 00.
Boys' Sailor Suits
(IN SERGE)
$1.25, $2, $2.50 $2.75, $3.50, $4 and $4.50
These lines are exclusively our own. No other house can show such a variety in these goods.
Gilmore & McCandless,
35 and 37 Johnson Street.

New England Hotel
RESTAURANT, BAKERY AND OYSTER SALOON,
116 and 118 Government Street.
Now Open Day and Night
AT THE OLD STAND.
THREE DINING ROOMS FOR LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
The Finest in the City. Meals at al hours. Telephone Call 161.
YOUNG BROS.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—A horse suffering from glanders was killed at Saanich by order of Inspector F. S. Roper.

—Manager John Cort has opened the National Variety Theatre in Tacoma with a long list of "talent."

—The Epworth League of the Metropolitan Methodist church had a very pleasant meeting on Monday night.

—The First Presbyterian Church Mission Band has forwarded a set of desks to the Alberni Indian mission school.

—There will be divine service with sermon at the R. E. Church to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock, it being Ascension Day.

—The Germania club gave its last dance of the season at Harmony Hall last evening. There was a very good attendance.

—The entertainment at the Methodist church, Esquimalt, last evening, was well attended, and all who were there left thoroughly well pleased. Mr. Shakespeare gave some good stereopticon views.

—The Victoria City Band elected the following officers at a meeting held last evening:—W. Proctor, president; S. H. Bantly, secretary-treasurer; F. Stevens, W. Proctor and S. H. Bantly, business committee.

—Thomas Clan was convicted in the police court this morning of supplying an Indian with an intoxicant. He was fined $50 and costs, which were $3; in default, 30 days. His case was the only one on the docket for the day.

PERSONAL.

Visitors and Passengers to and From the City and Province.

D. R. Ker will leave shortly for Chicago.

Marcus Wolfe of Nanaimo is in the city.

Robert Tinker of London is at the Driard.

Frank Finlaison of San Francisco is at the Victoria.

J. Boultbee and J. Wulffsohn of Vancouver are in the city.

A. Smith of St. Joseph, Mo., is a guest at the Hotel Victoria.

J. F. McMartin, of the large Montreal clothing firm, is in the city.

John Phillips leaves to-morrow for Winnipeg, where he will remain.

John Hall and wife and Miss Edith Newbury leave in the morning for London.

Superintendent of Indian Affairs A. W. Vowell returned from the Mainland yesterday.

A. G. Sargison of the Colonist and Mrs. Sargison leave on Saturday morning for Chicago.

James Scalet and George B. Mason of Kentucky are among the guests at the Hotel Victoria.

Harvey Coombe and son leave for London on Friday. They go over the C. P. R., and take the Allan liner Parisian from Montreal on May 20.

Col. and Mrs. Haggard leave in the morning over the C.P.R. for England. They will visit Chicago and sail on the Britannic from New York on May 24.

Geo. Richardson and wife, Miss Edith Richardson, Mrs. John Parker, Mrs. Stewart and Miss Alice Mansell leave in a few days for England, where they will visit relatives.

Sold by Auction.

Mr. G. A. Lawrence's large black carriage horse was sold by auction this morning for $190. Mr. Dumbleton was the purchaser. Mr. Lawrence's household furniture was also sold.

McMillan's colonial library—a full assortment for sale by J. Johnston & Co.

TEAS—Formosa, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Japan, Ceylon, Assam, Congou, 33 Fort street, Red Front Store.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA
Derby Sweepstakes
To be decided by the result of the ENGLISH DERBY, run at Epsom, May 31st, 1893. (241 Horses Entered).
$20,000,
Divided as follows:
First Horse $10,0000.00
Second Horse 3,000.00
Third Horse 2,000.00
$2,500 among Starters and $2,500 among Non-Starters.
10 per cent. deducted from all prizes.
Tickets entitling the subscribers to one chance in the Sweepstakes, price $2.00, can be obtained at all leading hotels and saloons, or directly from W. R. Jackson, Box 372 Delmonico Hotel, Victoria, B. C., or W. G. Stevens, Box 283, Pioneer Bodega, Victoria, B.C.
The Drawing will take place at the Delmonico Hotel, Victoria, B.C., on 29th May, 1893.
The most reliable manner of forwarding subscriptions to the Sweepstakes is by Postal Order.
Copies of the drawing will be sent to all local Agents, and a full list of the numbers drawn will be published in the principal papers of Canada and the United States of May 30th, 1893.
GUARANTEED TO FILL. ap20-1m

FOR THE NORTH
The Steamer
BARBARA BOSCOWITZ
—WILL SAIL ON—
WEDNESDAY, May 10,
AT 6 P. M.
From Porter's Wharf for Fort Simpson, Naas and way ports.
For freight or passage apply to
CAPT. J. D. WARREN
ma8-td 22 Trounce Avenue.

Notice of Application for Transfer of Retail Liquor License.

Notice s hereby given that at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners in the city of Victoria, on the second Wednesday in June next, application will be made to the Board that the retail liquor license issued under sub section 3 of section 204 of the Municipal Act, 1892, to Angus & Gordon, on the 18th day of February, 1893, may be transferred to Robert Erskine and Edmund James Wall, and that the temporary permission for the transfer of the said license, granted on the 22nd day of April, 1893, by the Mayor, under authority of section 221 of the said act, may be ratified and extended. The premises in respect of which the license is held and the transfer sought are at the northwest corner of Government and Fort streets. Dated this 10th day of May, A.D. 1893.

ANGUS & GORDON (in liq.)
ROBERT ERSKINE.
EDMUND JAMES WALL.

The Americana is discharging miscellaneous freight.

The bark Dochra is discharging pipe at Turner, Beeton & Co.'s wharf.

The Northern Pacific steamship Victoria is expected here from Tacoma this evening. She will sail for Yokohama immediately after her arrival.

Tan Shoes
ALL
SIZES
STYLES
AND PRICES
AT
A. B. Erskine's
CORNER GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practicle experience of over 25 years. mar4

THE DOUGLAS HOUSE,
5 Gordon St., Victoria.
This first-class Private Family Boarding House, centrally situated, within extensive grounds, is open under new management for guests by the day, week or month at moderate rates. A few table boarders can be accommodated. may1-3m

A. MAXWELL MUIR,
ARCHITECT,
931 Douglas Street.

PESTS OF THE FRUIT TREE.

Oregon Experiments in the Treatment of the Codling Moth.

THE METHODS OF EXTERMINATION.

Different Insecticides and Their Effects—Proper Season For Spraying the Trees—Various Facts About Insect Pests—The Results Obtained.

The April bulletin of the Oregon agricultural experiment station gives an account of what has been accomplished with the codling moth in 1892. From the results attained it is believed that the number of necessary sprayings, and consequently the expense, can be reduced, and still accomplish the desired end. In addition to the field work, the duration of the different stages of the insect's life has been carefully studied, and the result is suggestive of points of value to the horticulturist. In these experiments the trees used were from 35 to 40 years old. Only a few trees were taken in each case. As only one solution was a decided improvement over anything used hitherto, we will pass rapidly over those three which met with only ordinary success

The first experiment was with flour paste and Paris green. This was tried at the suggestion of an orchardist in Southern Oregon, who believed the paste could best withstand rain and would form an additional attraction to the moth. Two pounds of flour were made into a paste with six gallons of water, added to 12 gallons of water and one ounce of Paris green stirred into this mixture. This was not satisfactory. Paris green was then tried alone. This is the ordinary solution in general use—one pound Paris green to 300 gallons of water, quite strong enough, and about 15 pounds of soft or whale oil soap added to this to cause an even spreading of the liquid. It is a good agent, but experience indicates that a comparatively large number of sprayings is necessary, with an interval of only 16 or 17 days between applications. This is corroborated by reports from various orchardists.

Experimens were then made with IXL and soap. IXL is an insecticide, apparently rapidly coming into favor. A qualitative analysis of this agent by Professor Lotz, shows that it contains lime, sulphur and salt, or more exactly, calcic hydrate, sodic chloride, calcic sulphide and sodic sulphide. It was reported to contain no arsenic. The proportions used in this experiment were one pound IXL, one pound whale oil soap, six gallons water. As mentioned above the soap is used to cause the liquid to spread smoothly and evenly over the fruit, a very necessary thing. The effect of either of these mixtures is not so good as the compound used in the experiment with IXL and Paris green and soap. One pound of IXL was used to every 16 gallons of water, and to this Paris green was added in the proportion of one pound to every 300 gallons of liquid. About 15 pounds of whale-oil soap (soft soap would have been as efficacious) were added to this 300 gallons. The IXL was crushed to pieces about the size of a hen's egg and sufficient hot water poured on to cover it. It was then added to the water, as well as the soap, which latter had been thoroughly dissolved. The Paris green was then added and the mixture kept stirred when spraying. It is always expedient to mix the Paris green with a small amount of water first (if it is of good quality it will readily take) and then pour the creamy mass into the spraying liquid. Two lots of trees were treated with this, one receiving the first spraying May 26, another June 15. Both lots made a very good showing, those last sprayed appearing as well at the end of the season as the former. The cost of labor and material in this experiment was seven cents per tree (35-40 years old) for each spraying.

A diligent study has been made of the length of time occupied in the different stages of the life of the codling moth. In the fall of 1891, a breeding-cage was placed out-of-doors, in a situation where it could have, as nearly as possible, the same natural conditions, as regards temperature and moisture, as the insect would be subjected to during the winter in its natural habitat. In this cage several cocoons were placed. From May 16 to 26, 1892, moths emerged from these cocoons rapidly. From these, from specimens subsequently secured, and from observations in the field, it has been conclusively determined that the life of the moth is from 10 to15 days, pairing and egg-laying taking place during the latter part of that time, after which the moths die. The eggs are semi-transparent, cloudy white with yellowish tinge, and are plastered on the surface of the apple. Each female moth lays a large number of eggs, but apparently only a certain proportion of these eggs develop, as many were found flattened and dead, looking like small trout scales on sound apples. The eggs hatch in from five to ten days. The larvae when first hatched are hardly a twentieth of an inch long, and, in the cases under observation, broke or ate their way through the shell, and entered the apple somewhere else than at the spot occupied by the egg. The life of the larvae in the apple lasts for about four weeks, or a little less, at the expiration of which time they leave the apple and remain in the pupa state three weeks, or a little less, at the expiration of which time they emerge as moths ready to repeat their destructive work. The last brood in the fall, however, do not leave the cocoon until spring, remaining as larvae in their silken nests throughout the winter. It is a noteworthy fact that the eggs of the first brood are not necessarily laid in the calyx end of the young fruit, as eggs were found the past season (June 28) long before any wormy apples appeared, and hence belonging to the first brood, placed on both sides and top of the fruit.

As to the larvae, which leave the apples about October 15, it cannot be said with certainty whether they all emerge from the pupa stage November 5 or live in their cocoons as larvae during the winter, passing through their transformations in fruit houses and store-rooms. The finding of a moth out-of-doors as late as November 15 indicates that some, at least, pass through their transformation in the fall. There is no question that the larvae which enter the pupa stage September 26, transform into moths the same season, and begin a life cycle which is completed where the apples are stored. Boxes and fruit-houses which have contained unsprayed apples, will disclose in cracks and crevices, hundreds of cocoons containing larvae. That there is a marked overlapping of broods in the autumn, an increasing abundance of the pest and a consequent serious damage to the fruit at this time, is shown by the feeding of apples in September or October with full-grown larvae, larvae a week or less old, and others of intermediate ages. The same discrepancy in the ages of larvae has been observed earlier in the season, all indicating the irregularity of the appearance of the moths and the variation in time required by the eggs to hatch, etc.

The first brood of moths here, those earliest on the wing, do not appear to affect the pears. The same thing has been observed in some of the Eastern states. September 18, 1892, an egg, apparently fresh laid, was found on a Duchess pear. A few days before and after October 18, cocoons were found under bands on trees containing larvae which did not change to the pupa stage while under examination, evidently destined not to complete their transformation until the following spring. A few apples upon which occurred eggs were allowed to remain a few moments in the IXL Paris green and soap solution, but subsequently these eggs hatched. This would seem to indicate that the solution does not affect the egg itself, but cannot be regarded as conclusive. The young larvae, in the case observed, invariably left the shell as stated before, entering the apple at some other point. If such is always the case, they are, in properly sprayed apples, certain to get some of the poison. In some instances an egg or eggs were found on apples in which immature larvae had already been found. There would be then, later, two or more larvae in one apple, an the same time.

Observations on the habits of the moth, extending through three years, together with last season's investigations, demonstrate that orchardists begin spraying the trees altogether too early. The absurdity, as well as the danger to bees in spraying the bloom, has been clearly demonstrated before this, and it is very evident that the first spraying need not be given until quite a time after the bloom has fallen. This theory is borne out by last year's work, in which trees sprayed for the first time with IXL and Paris green and soap as late as June 15, compared very favorably with those first sprayed May 26. Had the spraying last season been done any time between June 1 and June 6 it would have been early enough. Inasmuch as the IXL, Paris green and soap gave the best satisfaction last year, apples going three and four weeks between sprayings, the same thing in the same proportions will, this season, spraying for the first time as indicated above and allowing three weeks (granting it does not rain heavily immediately after a spraying, when it might be necessary to repeat) to elapse between the first and second and second and third sprayings. To another lot of trees a fourth spraying will be given, four weeks after the third. It is possible that the late apples may need this, but it is believed, if the trees sprayed are at a distance from neglected orchards, or if all orchardists in a neighborhood will co-operate in the good work, that three faithful treatments will bring very good results. The apple scab (Fusicladium dentriticum) was less prevalent on trees where IXL was used (though this must not be regarded as conclusive evidence of its effectiveness in that direction) and the branch form of Woolly Aphis was kept completely in check, a little extra time being taken, when spraying for the codling moth, to direct the spray forcibly against the colonies of this pest.

A galvanized iron tank capable of holding about 160 gallons is fastened to a frame made of 2x12 plank, which in turn is hooked on to a wagon-bed. When it is necessary to use a warm solution, a sheet-iron stove is fitted under the tank, its door flush with the rear end. The smokestack from this runs forward, below the tank, out through a hole in the frame at the anterior end, and ends in an upright piece about five feet long. A wooden cover fits tightly on to the tank, in the centre of which is a wide slit two feet long, through which a paddle is inserted and the liquid kept stirred while being sprayed. A good and cheap improvement on this method of stirring, which we propose to adopt, is to have a series of paddles, hung from the cover, all worked by a lever which the driver could occasionally push back and forth. When not in use this tank fits into a brick furnace, and is used for compounding any insecticide which requires heat. A desirable addition, which we have not yet arranged, is a tackle to hoist the tank, when full, from off the furnace, and to roll it on to the wagon-bed.

Why Americans Have Corns.

"Corns are bad," said the philosophic bootblack. "Yours seem to hurt you some. Strange what lots of people have corns. Over 90 per cent. of the men who come to get a shine have corns. How do I know it? How do I know you have a corn? By finding it, of course. Gently? All right, I won't hurt you, guv'nor. As I was saying, 90 out of every hundred have corns. People say it's tight boots, but I don't believe it. Those who have the worst corns have boots that are too large for them. What gives them corns then? Well, I'll tell you. Its wearing boots all day long. Seldom do you see Europeans bothered with corns, especially Englishmen. Nearly every American has them. The former never wear their boots all day. They have walking boots to go to the office. Once there they put on a thin house boot. When they go home about 5 o'clock in the evening the first thing they do is to put on their slippers. The result is that their feet are always cool, the pressure never constant, and no muscle tried beyond its power. Far otherwise the American. He goes down to work at 8 o'clock in the morning, and is hurrying and scurrying in the same boots until 6 o'clock. Then he hurries home to dinner, hurries through dinner, and, still wearing the same boots, goes to his lodge or elsewhere and returns at midnight, his feet having been cramped up for 14 hours out of the 24 in one pair of boots. The result is corns and bunions."—Chicago Mail.

Mr. Blake's Rale Irish Bull.

The Colonies and India, a monthly journal published in England, in its issue of the 8th April, gives the following quotation from Mr. Blake's recent speech at Glasgow: "With one hand the Tories are pushing Ulster on to the very verge of what is lawful, if not beyond it; and with the other they are saying," etc. The atmosphere of the Imperial House of Commons does not seem to have improved the Hon. Edward's style of oratory; his speeches never were lucid, but in former days they did not suggest that his opponents talked with their hands.—Toronto Star.

Toothache.

Do you suffer with it? Go buy a bottle of Pain-Killer and find relief in the twinkle of an eye—for Toothache it is a specific.

SUNLIGHT SOAP MAKERS TO THE QUEEN BY SPECIAL ROYAL APPOINTMENT

A Wash Day AND No Steam IN THE House

AND the work so cut down that a young girl or delicate woman can do a family washing without being tired.

NO HEAVY BOILER TO LIFT

You Say: HOW?

BY USING

Sunlight SOAP

According to Easy Directions

Put aside your own ideas next wash-day and try the easy, clean, "SUNLIGHT" way.

DON'T Let another wash-day go by without trying it.

GENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA:

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VICTORIA B C

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER JOAN

J. E. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria ..... Tuesday 8 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox ..... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Vancouver Island every alternate Thursday at ..... 7 a.m.
Returning same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo ..... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria ..... Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria, 117 Store street.

Why you take Cold and Cough.

Generally caused by exposure to cold, wet feet, sitting in a draught, coming from hot and crowded places, in thin dress, or wearing damp clothes, stockings, or any other cause tending to check suddenly the perspiration. The result produces inflammation of the lining membrane of the lungs or throat, and this causes phlegm or matter, which nature tries to throw off by expectoration. In many cases she is unable to do so without assistance, and this is

Why you use Allen's Lung Balsam.

Three Size Bottles, 25c., 50c., $1.00

THE ROBERTS SAFETY Water Tube MARINE BOILER

FOR YACHTS, LAUNCHES, AND OTHER STEAMERS.

THE Original Fixed Water Line Pipe Boiler

NEARLY 400 IN USE!

SAFE, Reliable, Simple, Light Weight, Economical, No Shop Repairs, Small Space. Send for Illustrated Pamphlet and other reading matter, with hundreds of enthusiastic letters from purchasers and engineers.

Also Triple Expansion and Compound Marine Engines for Yachts and other Steamers. Large Marine Boilers a specialty.

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TORONTO, - ONTARIO.

THE Northern Pacific STEAMSHIP COMPANY

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(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION)

WILL LEAVE VICTORIA

S. S. MOGUL, April 19,
S. S. VICTORIA, May 10,
S. S. TACOMA, June 11,

And thereafter the permanent service of the Company's regular steamers.

For freight or passage apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & CO., Gen. Agts. Trounce Avenue, Victoria.

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THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot Folsom street,

For Honolulu,

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Wednesday, May 10, 1893, 2 p.m.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw steamer Monowai ..... THURSDAY, May 25th, 1893, 3 p.m. Or immediately on arrival of the Eng. & Can. mails

For freight or passage apply at office, 327 Market street, San Francisco.

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

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PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

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City of Puebla - - - May 14

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Every Lady in the Dominion should have one:

Every lady in the Dominion should have a MELISSA wrap of some style. Costing only a trifle (about $1.50) more than the ordinary wraps of similar material, they are at once the most useful and most economical garments of the present day, because they are really two in one, being a rainproof garment as well as a stylish and comfortable wrap.

MELISSA wraps should not be classed with ordinary waterproofs. They are made up in all the latest styles, out of fine soft woolen materials (rendered thoroughly rainproof by the MELISSA process); beautifully finished, and they fit to perfection, as only tailor made garments can.

Many ladies have written us asking for information, patterns, etc., etc., but as we do a strictly wholesale manufacturing business, cannot in justice to our many customers, sell directly to anyone not in the trade. Desiring, however, to give all information possible and place our MELISSA wraps within easy reach of every lady in the country, we invite direct correspondence and will, on receipt of a letter from any lady, giving the name and address of the merchant with whom she deals, at once send that dealer a full range of our patterns, catalogues of designs and other necessary information.

If there is no local dealer who will take the trouble to serve her in the way we suggest, we will place her in communication with one of our most reliable customers in some other place, who we can guarantee will be only too glad to give her every possible attention.

MELISSA MANUFACTURING CO.,
Victoria Square,
MONTREAL

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RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 18.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Monday, May 1st, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. HEAD UP.

STATIONS	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Wellington.
VICTORIA	Ar. 12 20 P M	Ar. 3 00 P M	78
RUSSELLS	" 12 30 "	" 3 08 "	71
GOLDSTREAM	" 12 50 "	" 3 18 "	67
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 11 45 A M	" 7 28 "	62
SUMMIT SIDING	" 11 10 "	" 6 30 "	55
COBBLE HILL	" 10 50 "	" 6 37 "	51
McPHERSON'S	" 10 40 "	" 6 27 "	48
KOKSILAH	" 10 17 "	" 6 15 "	45
DUNCANS	" 10 13 "	" 6 00 "	40
COBBLE HILL	" 9 50 "	" 5 32 "	32
SHERMAN'S	" 9 30 "	" 5 15 "	29
OYSTER BAY SID'G	" 9 15	" 4 42	23
NANAIMO	Dp. 8 30	Ar. 4 30	12
WELLINGTON	Ar. 8 10	Dp. 4 20	9

NORTH BOUND. HEAD DOWN.

STATIONS	No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4 Passenger Fridays, Saturdays & Sundays.	Miles from Victoria.
WELLINGTON	Dp. 8 50 A M	Dp. 3 14 P M	3
NANAIMO	" 9 05 "	" 3 08 "	1
OYSTER BAY SID'G	" 9 23 "	" 2 46 "	11
SHERMAN'S	" 9 34 "	" 2 35 "	18
DUNCANS	" 9 51 "	" 2 18 "	23
KOKSILAH	" 9 57 "	" 2 10 "	26
McPHERSON'S	" 10 07 "	" 1 59 "	29
COBBLE HILL	" 10 13 "	" 1 54 "	34
SUMMIT SIDING	" 10 42 "	" 1 25 "	40
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	" 11 00 "	" 1 13 "	45
GOLDSTREAM	" 11 50 "	" 12 20 "	56
VICTORIA	Ar. 12 15 P M	Ar. 6 31 "	73

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

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ALLAN CAMERON, Agent.

GEO. McL. BROWN, District Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

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Tickets to and from Europe via CHICAGO AND THE WORLD'S FAIR, through NEW YORK, BOSTON and CANADIAN PORTS, via any Atlantic Steamship Lines. For particulars, dates, rates, etc. Apply to

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Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

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Victoria, B.C., April 4, 1892. wp7-1y W. C. WARD, MANAGER

E. PERRY, Mem Inst. C.E., P.L. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.

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Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there is thus able to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

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The cheapest and most effective Insecticide and Fungicide yet produced. For Sale by

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We shall be pleased to give full explanation as to its use. A full line of Spraying Outfits and Pruning Tools on hand.

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THOS. SPENCE, Notary Public and Land Agent

KELOWNA Okanagan Mission, B.C.

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BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS, $2.25, $2.50, $3, $3.50 and upwards.
BEST ASSORTMENT EVER SHOWN IN VICTORIA.

EASTERN TAILOR MADE SUITS, TO MEASURE, Fit and Finish Guaranteed.
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City Council Engaged in Preparing Many New Measures.

THREE LOAN BY-LAWS ARE COMPLETED

They are the $85,000 Educational Bill, the $65,000 Electric Light Plant Ordinance and the $10,000 Park Loan act—Other Matters Dealt With.

The council had a special meeting last evening to work on by-laws. Mayor Beaven presided, and Aldermen Bragg, Henderson, McKillican, Munn, Styles and McTavish were present.

Ald. McKillican was granted leave to introduce a by-law providing for the expenditure of the municipal revenue for 1893.

Ald. Bragg was granted leave to introduce a by-law entitled the Montrose avenue local improvement by-law, 1893.

Ald. Bragg's by-law to borrow $85,000 for educational purposes was read a second time. Ald. McKillican objected to going into committee on the by-law because of the small attendance only four, himself, Ald. Bragg, Styles and Henderson, being then present. There was a difference of opinion as to the amount of money to be raised. The chairman of the school board said that $110,000 was needed. It would be better to wait for a full board.

Ald. Bragg objected to a delay because five of the aldermen were absent. Ald. Henderson and Styles voted with him, and the council went into committee on the by-law. It was agreed that the by-law should go into effect on July 3rd, 1893, from which time the debentures will draw interest. The committee rose and reported the by-law complete with amendments. The $25,000 and $110,000 by-laws which were offered on the same subject were withdrawn.

The council went into committee on the council by-law, 1893, introduced by Ald. Henderson. The by-law makes Monday evening the meeting night, makes five members a quorum, and makes some changes in the mode of procedure at business meetings. The committee arose and reported the by-law complete without amendment. It was then finally passed.

Ald. McKillican's by-law to borrow $65,000 to put in a new city electric light plant was then taken up and the council went into committee of the whole. Ald. Bragg and Styles objected to taking the matter up until the tramway purchase proposition, which also included an electric light plant, was definitely settled. Ald. McKillican replied that that was settled already in the minds of everybody. It would never be considered for a moment by the people.

Ald. Bragg wanted some enlightenment on the by-law. What was it proposed to do? How was the plant to be improved, or was a new plant to be put in? If the latter idea was to be followed the by-law did not ask for money enough. He again urged delay to await the tramway report. It was another case of patchwork. It was not money enough.

Ald. McKillican said Ald. Bragg must believe in patchwork. His school by-law showed that. The electric light plant matter had been discussed every year. It was proposed to secure a new site and get a wharf where the city could handle its own coal. The old engines were good, as were three dynamos. It was proposed to get two new 80-light dynamos, the lights to be of 2,000 candle power each. The city could then light the market, police station, city hall and fire houses itself, and at the same cost as at present. The speaker was not afraid of the tramway matter. The two propositions might go before the people at once. He knew whether the electric light proposal of $65,000 or the tramway of $550,000 would be accepted.

The by-law was reported complete with amendments.

Ald. McTavish's $10,000 park loan by-law was taken up next. The date upon which the debentures shall begin to bear interest was fixed as July 3, 1893 The by-law was labelled "the pleasure grounds loan by-law, 1893" The measure was reported complete

The Oak Bay avenue sidewalk local improvement by-law was read and the council went into committee of the whole on it The committee rose and reported progress and asked leave to sit again.

Here Ald. Munn and Styles departed, leaving the board without a quorum, and the meeting was over. It was then 10 o'clock.

INTERIOR NEWS.

What is Being Done in Kootenay—Mining and Railroading.

(The Miner.)

Two young men from C. E. Perry's party at Duncan City came down this week. They report that there are fully two hundred prospectors now on their way up the river, and that every day adds to the number.

J. Hetherington-Bowes, B.A., is again able to attend to the legal wants of his numerous clients. He lays the blame of his attack of typhoid fever upon the bad water in Victoria, where he believes he contracted the fever.

There is every reason to believe that the Salmon River gold fields will have their quota of prospectors and miners this summer. Two Nelson men—Ike Lougheed and Mike Molloy—returned from a trip up the Salmon this week. There are operators at work upon at least half a dozen claims already. The Mizner brothers have discovered a quartz ledge near Hill's bar. A special piece of the rock went as high as $150, and the whole averages $30 in gold to the ton.

Another transfer of Trail Creek property was completed last week. This time it is one-half interest in the Homestake claim, at Trail Creek forks, which was purchased by C. A. Teasdle from Michael Landrigan, the sale being negotiated by A. B. Railton. The other half-interest is owned by Oliver Bordeaux, who will join Mr. Teasdle in development of the property. The Homestake is located at the forks of Trail Creek, about five miles from the Columbia River. The proposed railway line runs within one-half mile of the claim. A shaft was sunk last year and several tons of ore taken out, leaving the drift in eight feet of solid ore. The ore carries from $1 to $6 in gold, and about $15 in silver per ton, concentrating nearly three to one, and giving a value of $40 to $50 per ton. Picked samples of the ore have assayed $30 in gold and 76 ounces of silver per ton.

(The Nelson Tribune.)

The Kootenay Lake country is being hurt more by the ill-advised booming of a lot of unregenerated liars than it is by a backward spring.

The Kaslo-Slocan wagon road has been abandoned for the present, as far as teaming is concerned. No work will be done toward repairing it until the government appropriation is available.

A party from Victoria is erecting a hotel on the ground between the mouth of Pend d'Orielle river and the international boundary line, now that the latter is defined so that even a blind man can distinguish it.

On the Pend d'Orielle, the big hydraulic company, of which Fred Rice is superintendent, have let a contract to A. L. Dolan and J. J. Driscoll to complete their flume. These men now have a force on the work at Seven-Mile creek.

Three footpads held up a British Columbia tourist at Bonner's Ferry last Thursday night and robbed him of $16, and now the people there talk of organizing a vigilance committee to hang a few of the hobo element sojourning at that place.

The New Denver townsite dispute is still unsettled, notwithstanding reports to the contrary. The government wants to give the bulk of the land to its friend Farwell, even though they know that he has not a shadow of right to 320 acres of the 370 acres in dispute.

The fund subscribed to keep the Kaslo-Slocan sleigh road open between Kaslo and Three Forks was exhausted on the 21st ult. Private parties are now putting up until the government appropriation becomes available, in order to keep the wagon road portion in repair.

A Minneapolis capitalist is putting in a sawmill near Watson, the only town between Kaslo and New Denver that has a postoffice. The mill is reported to be a complete one with a daily capacity of 40,000 feet. Planing and shingle machinery will be run in connection.

A. L. Davenport says the Poorman mill will be started up within a couple of weeks and a run made on the 100 tons of ore extracted last winter. It is not likely that any other work will be done this summer, although arrangements had been made to extend the main tunnel 400 feet.

The McRae boys have been doing the annual assessment work on the Wild Cat, a gold claim a short distance south east of the Poorman, Nelson district, A tunnel is in about 40 feet on a vein that has a pay streak running from four inches to two feet in width. The ore is galena and the claim is owned by Hugh McRae and Dan McDonald.

At the Washington mine the upper tunnel has been pushed 300 feet, while a shaft from the same has been sunk 60 feet. The lower tunnel is in 115 feet. At present 38 men are working, and up to now about six tons a day have been shipped; but from now on for a while the ore will be dumped until all danger from snowslides on the trail is over.

Papers relating to the bonding of the interests of S. M. and G. C. Wharton in the Rucean, New Denver, Epram, Texas and Clifton Claims, by Patrick Clark of Spokane, have been recorded here. The consideration is just short of $31,000, with a contingency in the event of the claims being stocked. Frank Culver and G. Fairbairn have purchased Tom Ardell's interest in the Cazubazua; consideration, $5,000.

Larson & Co., who have the contract for building the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, a railway that will give the Kootenay Lake country communication with the outside world the year round, have one right-of-way and two grading camps established at the south end of the line. Hugh McLeod, their purchasing agent, was in Nelson this week picking up everything obtainable in the way of material and supplies, ordering them to be shipped to Fort Sheppard and the mouth of Beaver Creek. The chief camp and base of supplies is to be at the latter place, where a couple of warehouse buildings are in course of construction. The piers for the Pend d'Orielle bridge are nearing completion. From the foundations up they are iron cylinders filled with concrete.

The Gold Nugget Mining Company of Duncan river is a pure fake and got up to swindle. The locations are snow ones, well salted with 60 pounds of rich gold rock from California. This rock was brought to Kaslo last summer and hid across the bay until this spring. A portion of the interests of the locators have been disposed of to Spokane parties, and a man formerly well known at Kaslo is now in the east selling stock. Some of the officials of the Great Northern railway are being roped in. The Spokane papers are boosting the scheme, not knowing its character. The original locators are in Kaslo trying to sell their remaining interests at any figure, and the report that they intend putting a force of men at work on the claim is a pure fabrication. All the parties interested on the outside have been deceived and know nothing of the true state of affairs. The whole scheme is a swindle and will hurt the country.

A SLAVE MARKET.

Pitiful Scene at the Slave Sale on the Zambesi.

On the upper Zambesi river lives the powerful King Lewanika, the head of the great Barotse tribe which Livingstone was the first to describe. Mr. Coillard, a French Protestant missionary, who has long lived at Lealuyi, the chief town of the king, has written a description of the recent slave sale which is interesting, because the Arab slave dealers have never penetrated there, and the incident illustrates the fact that without the initiative of the Arabs the natives themselves often inflict the most poignant suffering upon the victims of their slave raids. Mr. Coillard writes to the Journal:

"In April last Lewanika sent an army of 3000 men to punish the Balubale tribe, whose incessant attacks upon their neighbors compromised the public security. I witnessed the return of this victorious army to Lealuyi. The prisoners of war, all Balubale women and children, were put into a camp near my house. They had probably never seen a white man.

"For four days Lewanika was busy from morning to night distributing the booty. It was impossible to look upon the spectacle unmoved. I had never before witnessed the scenes in a slave market. Picture to yourself thousands of the Barotse seated in a great circle around the king and his chiefs. In the centre were huddled about a hundred of the unfortunate creatures at a time. Not a man was among them. Not a man had been taken prisoner, but all who fell into the hands of the victors had been killed. Neither were there any old women in the group of prisoners. All were young women in great numbers and a multitude of children of both sexes, from 1 to 12 years of age. Many of the women carried their infants.

"In groups of six or seven they were taken from the crowd and made to advance to the king and his chiefs, who subjected them to minute inspection, while thousands of eyes were rivetted upon them in shameless cupidity. The women, greatly emaciated, for they had had very small food supplies for weeks, were greatly frightened, and stood trembling with bowed heads. The Barotse wear considerable clothing, but these women were naked, and the fact provoked obscene remarks and the laughter of the multitude. Then there was a consultation under the royal pavilion and one of the chiefs advanced to carry out the pleasure of the king.

"Nursing children were so fortunate as to be left, for a time at least, at the breasts of their mothers. All the children, however, who could walk were distributed right and left like so many animals. They were no more to have father or mother in this world!

"A child of three years was with difficulty torn from the arms of its young mother. It cried and struggled, and finally, squirming out of the hands of the man who held it, ran back into the crowd, crying for its mother, who had been already led away.

"Put it to sleep! Kill it!" yelled the laughing Barotse to the child's new master.

"The man, however, had no intention of destroying a piece of property that would some day be valuable. He recovered the child and carried it away.

"Let go of that child!" was the order given to another young woman. The child was apparently her first-born. Forgetful of her situation she clasped it tighter in her arms. Her eyes flashed and a torrent of words poured from her lips. Tears streamed down her cheeks. She begged that her child be left with her. She said she had rather die than be separated from it.

"They were about to take the child violently from the woman, when Lewanika commanded that it be left with her. The man to whom the child had been assigned took both mother and son. These things I saw in the half hour that I was present. I could not remain to witness such scenes, which continued for days."

To Get at the Facts.

Regarding Hood's Sarsaparilla, ask the people who take this medicine, or read the testimonials often published in this paper. They will certainly convince you that Hood's Sarsaparilla possesses unequalled merit, and that HOOD'S CURES.

HOOD'S PILLS cure constipation by restoring the peristaltic action of the alimentary canal. They are the best family cathartic.

Marysville, Cal., May 8.—While crossing a bridge over the Yuba river at 10 o'clock this morning A. L. Vincent, a ranch employee, who was under the influence of liquor, fell off his wagon and was drowned.

Garden tools at McLennan & McFeely's.

WITH the advent of Spring comes the rain and sleet, and inclement weather generally. Then comes the antidote—

Currie's Coats.

Double Texture Perfect Proofed Scotch Tweed

They cannot get soaked through like the so-called proofed cloth coats, which after one wetting and drying shrink all out of shape.

Then CURRIE'S WATERPROOFS cost only half the price of these chemically proofed garments. 2-ws

14th Annual Derby Sweep

3000 TICKETS, $5 EACH.

$9000 Divided Equally Among Starters
$6000 Divided Equally Among Non-Starters.

DRAWING, MAY 29. RACE, MAY 31.

R. H. BRAND,
Billiard Room, Windsor Hotel, Montreal.

NOTE—No Special Prize to 1st, 2nd or 3rd. 241 Horses entered.—If 15 start, each starter will draw $600. Leaving 226 Non-Starters to divide $6,000, about $27 each. Guaranteed to fill. ap10-5w

Br. Bq. "Dochra,"
(CAPT. MACJERROW)
Liverpool to Victoria.

The above vessel will commence discharging cargo at R. P. Rithet & Co's Wharf, on
FRIDAY, MAY 5.
Consignees are requested to present Bills of Lading at the office of the undersigned, pay freight and take delivery of goods.
All cargo remaining on the wharf after 5 o'clock each day, and while on the wharf, will be at the risk of consignee thereof respectively and may be stored at their expense.
ROBERT WARD & CO., LTD. LBY., Agents.
ma6-10t

Notice---Municipal Act, 1892.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria, to be held on Wednesday, 14th day of June, 1893, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the city of Victoria.
Dated at Victoria, 8th May, 1893.
WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

COAL

The New Vancouver Coal Mining & Land Co., Ltd.

(FORMERLY THE VANCOUVER COAL CO.)

ARE THE LARGEST COAL PRODUCERS ON THE PACIFIC COAST.

THE NANAIMO COAL (Used Principally for Gas and Domestic Purposes.) | THE SOUTH FIELD COAL (Steam Fuel.)

THE NEW WELLINGTON COAL
House and Steam Coal, are mined by this Company only.

The "NANAIMO" COAL gives a large percentage of Gas, high Illuminating power unequalled by any other bituminous Gas Coal in the world, and a superior quality of Coke.

The "SOUTH FIELD" COAL is now used by all the leading Steamship Lines on the Pacific.

The "NEW WELLINGTON" COAL, which was introduced early in the present year, has already become a favorite, especially for domestic purposes. It is a clean, hard coal; makes a bright and cheerful fire, and its lasting qualities make it the most economical fuel in the market.

The several Mines of the Company are connected with their Wharves at Nanaimo and Departure Bay, where ships of the largest tonnage are loaded at all states of the tide. Special dispatch is given to Mail and Ocean Steamers.

SAMUEL M. ROBINS,
Superintendent

Victoria's Leading Merchants
TRADERS :-: AGENTS :-: PRODUCERS

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MIL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

CHAS. E. REDFERN
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELLER
Chronometers rated by Transit Observations.
NO. 43 GOVERNMENT STREET.

MUNROE MILLER,
Printer and Binder.
77 Johnson Street.

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Sample copy of the Magazine, with 2 Colored Pictures, sent for 20c. Catalogue Free.

THE ART INTERCHANGE CO., 9 Desbrosses St., N. Y

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned on or before the 15th day of May, 1893, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B.C., amounting to $125,000, in sums of $1,000 each, payable in 50 years from 1st of May, 1893, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 4 1-2 per cent. per annum, payble half-yearly, with principal and interest payable in currency at Victoria.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 4 1-2 per cent. from 1st May, 1893, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Surface Drains By-Law, 1893, with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., April 22, 1893.

Municipal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the reports of the City Engineer and City Assessor in regard to the grading of and laying sidewalks upon Stanley Avenue, between Fort Street and Mr. Andean's property, and Montrose Avenue, between Blackwood and Jones Streets, Showing the proportion in which the assessment is proposed to be made on the various portions of the real property benefited by the said improvements respectively, in accordance with the "Local Improvement By-Law," are now open for inspection at the Office of the City Assessor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria B.C., March 30, 1893.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
No. 11 Rae Street.

Applications to be made at the Home or to Mrs. D. W. Higgins Cadboro Bay Road.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

LOCAL IMPROVEMENT DEBENTURES.

Sealed Tenders, endorsed "Tenders for Broad Street Local Improvement Debentures," will be received at the office of the undersigned, on or before the 15th day of May, 1893, for the purchase of "Local Improvement Debentures, amounting to $10,788, payable in 10 years from Nov. 24, 1892, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, payable half yearly, with principal and interest payable at Victoria, B. C.

The tenderer must state the net price at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price, the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at 5 per cent. from 24th November, 1892, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of the "The Broad Street Local Improvement Assessment By-Law, 1892," and are secured by a special rate imposed by that by-law, and on that security only.

The total assessed value of the whole real property ratable under the above by-law, according to the assessment roll of 1892, is $685,384.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., April 22nd, 1893.

Municipal.

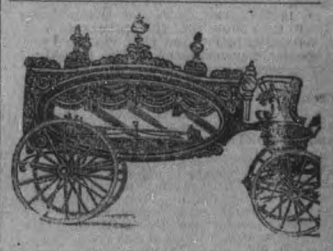
TAX ON DOGS.

Owners of Dogs are requested to take notice that the tax for the year 1893 on every dog within the City of Victoria is now due. The Provision of the Pound By-Law and the Revenue By-Law, 1889, will be enforced with respect to any such tax remaining unpaid from this date.

Mr. Robert Carter is authorized to collect the above tax.

CHAS. KENT,
Collector.

Victoria, B.C., City Collector's Office,
City Hall April 29th, 1893.



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(Established 1867)
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BY PRIVATE SALE

Junction Town Site situated nearly in the middle of Comox, on the main road, where the churches and schools are situated. The smallest lots are 60x120, with 20 feet alleys in the rear of each lot. This property adjoins the projected line of the Comox Railway.

The lots will be sold to suit all parties, one or more at $10 per lot, and corner lots $15 each. Terms cash. Deeds at purchaser's expense.

Apply to W. R. CLARKE,
or ALLAN DUMBLETON, Esq., Barrister-at-Law Langley Street. sp17

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Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

DAVIE AT NEW WESTMINSTER

The Premier Talks for an Hour and a half but Fails to Convince.

J. C. BROWN THE HERO OF THE HOUR

A Resolution of no Confidence Carried Unanimously—The Premier Makes a Characteristic "Sneak" at the Finish—Groans for the Government.

New Westminster, May 10.—Premier Davie's meeting in the opera house last night was the largest in the history of the Royal City. The building was literally packed, and many who sought admission were turned away. Ex-Mayor Wm. B. Townsend was in the chair and announced as the programme that Mr. Davie would speak first, to be followed by Mr. J. C. Brown, M. P.P., then the premier, then Mr. Brown's reply. Mr. Townsend made an urgent appeal for fair play, which was quite unnecessary, as the people were only too anxious to hear what Mr. Davie had to say.

Premier Davie then advanced to the front of the stage, apparently confident that the meeting would be willing to be converted by him to his way of thinking, but before many minutes he lost his confident bearing. He opened his speech by attacking the parliament buildings petition, saying that the agitation and the petition were the work of those who lived by turning the public mind. These people were foolish. This accusation brought forth cries of "No, no," "Retract," etc., and the tumult was deafening. This feeling of unrest, he said, he felt sure he would be able to allay, and all feeling respecting the pending injustice. He then began defending the government for not keeping its promise about redistribution, and trotted out all the old arguments on the census question, reading a telegram which passed between Turner and Lowe. He said the government intended to give a fair measure of redistribution as soon as they could get correct census returns from the Dominion government. It was impossible to do so sooner. He ridiculed the idea of separation and stated that in dealing with the petition to the governor-general it was receiving more consideration than it would at Ottawa. It was ridiculous to think of dividing a population of 100,000 into two provinces.

As for the government buildings, they were needed very badly, and Victoria was entitled to an appropriation. He was in the house a few days ago and noticed a large pool of water under the speaker's chair, but he did not say how it got there.

The government had no intention of guaranteeing the British Pacific railway. Next session will be called early, so that the redistribution measure can be brought down. This, he thought, ought to satisfy all reasonable-minded people. He thanked the audience for the patient hearing they had given him, after speaking an hour and a half.

Mr. J. C. Brown followed and was cheered for several minutes, which was in direct contrast to the Davie reception. His speech was a reply to the premier's remarks. He said the hon. gentleman's promises were like the little ditty of the spider and the fly. Mr. Davie wanted to convey advice and not take too much notice of these agitators, but just let the government do what it wanted and "everything would be lovely and the goose hang high." The premier had given out that he was in a better position to gauge public opinion than those who were now termed agitators, but the speaker was sure the government in this case had not judged public opinion rightly in Westminster district. Everywhere that he had addressed meetings he found the present agitation was the expression of the matured judgment of the people, though the honorable gentleman had declared otherwise. Mr. Davie said that the petition would not be considered when it was forwarded to the parties to whom it was directed. This might be the case if there were representative government here, but the petition went on to show that the legislature was not representative and that we have not responsible government. The appeal to the governor-general was made because we have no constitutional means of redress. Mr Brown then, in order, took up and answered fully all Mr. Davie's arguments, to the satisfaction of the audience, who repeatedly broke out in cheers. He made a large number of excellent hits at Mr. Davie, which were thoroughly appreciated and held the meeting to a man. In closing his lengthy speech Mr. Brown moved the following resolution: "Resolved, that this meeting, having listened to the address of the premier, endorses the action of the constitutional league, condemns the unjust policy of the government, and considers it unworthy of the confidence and the support of the people."

Mr. Davie replied briefly, as it was nearly midnight. There were cries of "Question and "No question." The chairman hesitated about putting the resolution, and said the only way to decide the matter was to put the question whether the motion be put or not. There were loud cries of "Yes" and a few "No," when Mr. Davie walked up to the chairman, whispered something in his ear, turned, put on his coat, and the speakers began leaving the stage.

Mr. Brown at once seized the motion, waved it aloft and shouted, "All in favor," and the audience sprang to their feet as one man, waved their hats and umbrellas and cheered. Afterwards three cheers were given for Mr. Brown and three groans for the chairman and the government.

A PÆAN OF JOY.

Blow d' horn en call d' people,
Fetch d' banjo en d' bones;
Ring the bell from out d' steeple,
Yell en shout in glory tones!

"Whad's d' mattah?" Lawd a mitey,
Dont yo' know whad's raised d' roof,
Aint yo' heard about d' Rigby?
It am only Waterproof. 10-13

Mrs. Chauncey M. Depew Dead.

New York, May 10.—Mrs. Elsie Hagerman Depew, wife of Chauncey M. Depew, died at her residence in this city at 12:30 on Sunday afternoon. Although Mrs. Depew was known to be seriously ill, the sudden termination of her illness was not expected by her family and those who were most intimately connected with her. Her condition showed no material change on Saturday, but early this morning a turn for the worse came. Mrs. Depew, whose maiden name was Miss Elsie Hagerman, was married to Mr. Depew on Nov. 4, 1871. They had one child, Chauncey, Jr., who is now 14 years old. In spite of the opportunities her fortune gave her, Mrs. Depew cared little for society, and devoted her time mainly to charitable and church work. The final arrangements have not yet been made for the funeral.

General Dispatches.

Bonn, Germany, May 10.—The great national musical festival in honor of Beethoven, who was born in this city, opened here to-day and will last for one week. All the great singers of Germany will participate. This is the first recognition of the great composer by his native town, although scores of statues have risen to his glory elsewhere. Several thousand visitors have arrived, and the residence of the great composer will be dedicated as a national museum.

Chicago, May 10.—The natives of Vermont now in this city, together with several hundred members of the Vermont Press Association and kindred organizations, participated to-day in the dedication of the Vermont building. The formal assignment of the structure to the national commissioners was made by Governor Levi Fuller. Director General Davis accepted the trust.

Bismarck, Dak., May 10.—Reports from many towns in South Dakota say that a sharp earthquake shock was felt about five o'clock this morning. Houses were shaken and people awakened, but no damage was done. There was a good deal of excitement among the inhabitants.

London, May 10.—It has been learned that John Curtin, an American thief, who was arrested a few days ago on the nominal charge of violating his ticket of leave, was really taken in custody to answer a charge made against him by the German authorities of robbing a clerk of some $157,000. The robbery was committed while the clerk was entering the bank at Frankfort. Curtin is well known by the American police.

Key West, May 10.—The revenue cutter McLean, Capt. A. D. Littlefield, which has been cruising along the west coast of Florida, has been called to this port by a telegram from the treasury department. The Cubans are demonstrative and are ready to sail for Cuba. The McLean will remain here indefinitely. There has been an insufficient force up to the present. The Cubans are anxious, and great excitement prevails. They will leave for Cuba, they say, and the McLean will be in no position to head them off. Recruits are volunteering for the Cuban cause. The force numbers now about 300 men. The federal officers here are anxious because of the small United States force available.

New York, May 10.—By the vote of Mr. Frank K. Sturgis, the president of the Madison Square Garden company, a committee of five stockholders was appointed yesterday afternoon to proceed at once to get the best offer for the sale of the garden. Mr. Sturgis, who has the proxies of the majority of the stockholders of the company with him, voted down a proposition to have a committee investigate the affairs of the company.

Ogdensburg, N. Y., May 10.—One hundred and four Chinese arrived here from Vancouver, B. C. yesterday. They are bound for Cuba and left by special train for New York last evening. They were obliged to furnish bonds to the amount of $20,800 that they would leave this country inside of 20 days. They will sail from New York for Havana on Wednesday.

Sing Sing, N. Y., May 10.—The body of Frank W. Rohle, who with Thomas Pallister escaped from the dead house in Sing Sing prison April 20th, was found at 8:45 this morning in the Hudson river opposite Rockland, directly across the river from Sing Sing. The body was found by three fishermen. They towed the remains of the murderer to Shipper dock and immediately notified the prison officials. State Detective Jackson and Principal Keeper Connaught at once repaired to the spot and at once identified the body by means of a picture and the prison shoes which the dead murderer wore. The body was very much decomposed. Fisherman Cronk says he thinks he saw another body farther down the river, but did not get after it, as he had the body of Rohle in tow. Searching parties are now trying to find the body of Pallister in the river.

When the body had been washed it was found that Rohle had been shot in the right side of the head, and the supposition is that Pallister shot him.

Vienna, May 10.—The Austrian government has not yet replied to the application for exequator on behalf of Mr. Judd, consul-general at Vienna.

San Francisco, May 10.—The trial of Wesley C. Rippey, the old man who shot John Mackay, commenced in Judge Seawell's court this morning. The aged defendant was quite humble in his demeanor, and after the first hurried glance about the court room lowered his eyes and kept them there most of the time. When the assistant district attorney had read the indictment found by the grand jury, charging Rippey with assault with intent to commit murder on Feb. 24th, the questioning of jurors began, and up to 12 o'clock five had been accepted and sworn in.

New York, May 10.—The British squadron weighed anchor at 11:45 a. m. and with the Blake in the lead slowly steamed down between two lines of warships in the Hudson and proceeded to sea. Crowds of people gathered on shore to see the popular Britishers off. The Blake was followed closely by the Australia, with the Magicienne next and the Tartar last. None of the men-of-war fired salutes. There was the customary dipping of flags, and the crews of the other vessels lined the bulwarks and waved them good-bye. Before the fleet sailed, Admiral Hopkins sent a letter to Mayor Gilroy expressing thanks for the courtesy and hospitality extended to him and his command by the citizens of New York during their stay there.

Washington, D. C., May 10.—The President appointed Frank H. Jones of Springfield, Ill., as first assistant postmaster-general, vice H. Clay Evans, resigned.

Wilhelm's Address to the Guard.

Berlin, May 10.—The Vossicae Zeitung says that the address made by the Kaiser to the officers of the guards in Tempelhoferfeldt is tantamount to personal interference by the Kaiser with the coming elections to the Reichstag. A reply cannot be given to-day. The people will furnish a reply on the 15th of June. A few other journals also comment on the speech, but say that it expresses the personal opinion of the Kaiser, and is not an official declaration of the opinion of the Government.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

MAY FIGHT PRITCHARD.

New York, May 10.—Bob Fitzsimmons and his sparring partner, Frank Bosworth, have fallen out, and Denny Butler, late assistant boxing instructor of the New York Athletic Club, has taken Bosworth's place. Fitzsimmons says that if he did not succeed in getting on a match with any 158 pound man in America he would probably go to England and try to arrange a match with Ted Pritchard.

AUSTRALIAN BILLY SMITH HERE.

Australian Billy Smith, the heavy weight pugilist, is in the city spending a few days prior to his departure for Butte and New York, at both of which points he expects to make matches. He came here from San Francisco. Smith is a light heavy-weight, but is a good man.

THE TURF.

KENTUCKY RACE MEETING.

Louisville, Ky., May 10.—The greatest meeting in the history of the Louisville Jockey Club opens this afternoon, and fully 25,000 people will cheer the winner of the blue ribbon of the west. Seven hundred horses, the pick and flower of the west and south, are quartered at the track, and will have an opportunity of showing their mettle during the meeting. The field in the Derby this afternoon is the largest for years.

THE TURF.

DAREDEVIL WINS THE CHESTER.

London, May 10.—The Chester Cup was won by Daredevil. Red Eagle second, Ragamunde third.

BETTING ON THE DERBY.

A private cablegram received from London yesterday gives the latest betting on the Derby, to be run May 31st. It is as follows:

5 to 4 Isinglass (t and w).
8 to 1 Parensbury (o).
10 to 1 Raeburn (t and o).
100 to 9 Marly (t and w).
100 to 8 Feslar (o).
100 to 7 Childwick (t and w).
16 to 1 Le Nicham (w).
25 to 1 Son of a Gun (t and w).
25 to 1 Tourmesol (o).
33 to 1 Vivier (o).
40 to 1 Luminous (o).

LACROSSE.

PRACTICE THIS EVENING.

The regular practice will be held this evening at the Caledonian grounds. Everybody who can handle a stick should be out to help the members of the senior team practice. They will have to do some hard work to win the game on the 23rd, and the bigger the crowd at the practices the better chance there is for the men to get to work.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—D Cairns, N Dow, A Ferris, H H Newberry, J F Wardner, B Golumbia, F L Ripley, F W Ward, H Hoziand, J J Taylor, G L Delgardno, D B Vizie, C V Reid, P Green, G W Miller, J E Wright, E R Ferogth, Miss Dexter, W L Lishman, W F Tye, J H Brenton, H P Spann, Miss Corries, Miss Reid, C B Sallie, H Hinckle, J F McMartin, Mrs J Irving, Mrs Chandler, F H Day, F P Harlaw, E A White, David McBeth, Wm Armstrong, Mrs Nagle, J H Kane and wife, Miss M Jenness, Mrs I Wampole, Mrs Jones, Geo F Dorham, wife and son, R Tinker, P Williamson, J J Albert, W H Wilson, Mrs Steiner, Mrs Davis.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—W J Richardson, A Fortler, W J Taylor, Major Dupont, J Boultbee, Misses Angus, Robert Beith, Miss C M Pemberton, Miss Claxton, Rev T Neville, J R Todd, Harriet K Hooper, W A Clark, R Atkinson, John Sterns, F Angus, Judge Vowell, A Z Smith, C H King, Mrs F C Jones, Mrs J Lindsay, John Lee, G Ford, Captain Wm Power, J D Scott, Mrs Ada Johnson, Mrs Cleveland, J E Miller, B Gardner, L A Agassiz, Mrs Askew, J Wulffsohn, Miss Kirkpatrick, Mrs Bryant, J A Bowker, F V Austin, J Wilson, M B Lee, H Rogers.

CONSIGNEES.

Per steamer Yosemite from Westminster—Brackman and Ker Milling Co, H Helgeson, H Bornstein, Lemon, Gonnaston and Co, John Tollick, George Vienna, J Goffer, F F Raitt, British Columbia Cattle Co, John Ord, Peter Brown, C E McKenzie, Dom Exp Co.

Per steamer North Pacific from the Sound—Weiler Bros, Col Inland Revenue, Oppenheimer Bros, John King, S Leiser, D H Ross and Co.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—Weiler Bros, F Norris, J Piercy, B and Co, J A T Caton, R Maynard, H Mansell, Lenz and Leiser, Nat Elec Co, F Elec Ry Co, D Spencer, T N Co, Naval Store Keeper Imperial Bank of Canada, Sere and Co, A B Erskine, N P Canning Co, British American Canning Co, W Willard, R Lettice, C Pennock, G L Simpson, W Wilby, M W Waitt, Colonist Co, G Doughty, J Braden, W Wilson, John Ward, S Shore, Cunningham, E B Marvin, Langley and Co, Sisters St Ann, Nicholles and R, W S Hampson, Hudson Bay Co, J H Baker, James Hay, Gilmore and McC, Hall, Ross and Co, Mary Dalnard, Cook and Irving, R J Ferguson, A E McNaughton, Thorpe and Co, W H Redmond, Fell and Co, J H Brown'ee, S Leiser, J B Jones, Hawk and Mable, T Earle, Dom Exp Co.

Bank Crash in California.

San Jose, Cal., May 10.—The Bank of Santa Clara at Santa Clara has suspended. There are many rumors regarding the cause of the failure. Wood, who had been cashier of the bank for 15 years, died a few days ago. Whether he was the cause of the shortage of $70,000, which is said to have precipitated the crash, or whether land speculations by the management was the cause is not known. An expert is at work on the books. There are reports that the stockholders will lose $200,000.

COTTOLENE
What is it?
?
It is the new shortening, taking the place of lard or cooking butter, or both. Costs less, goes farther, and is easily digested by anyone.
FOR SALE BY
Erskine, Wall & CO.
Cor. Gov't and Fort Sts.

On SATURDAY, May 13
AT 1:30 O'CLOCK P.M.,
W. R. CLARKE, AUCTIONEER,
Will sell under instruction of W. A. Baillie Grohman, at his residence, 18 Richardson St., (between Cook and Vancouver) all his
Household Furniture,
—COMPRISING—
The contents of Drawing Room, Dining Room, Bed Rooms, day and night Nurseries, Hall Pantry, Kitchen, Greenhouse, etc., Carpets, Persian Rugs, Curtains, Choice Pictures in imported frames, imported Dinner Service and Table Glass, Office Writing Table, Hammond Typewriter—in good order (in double case); Preserves and Bottled Fruit.
Goods on view on preceding day from one o'clock to six, and on day of sale from 9 o'clock.
Goods must be removed on Monday, 15th or they will be stored at the expense of the purchaser. ma8-4t

Auction Sales
TUESDAY, June 13.
By order Executors in the Estate of Wm. Fisher, Lands in Esquimalt, Lake, Highland, and Metchosen Districts.
TUESDAY, June 13.
MORTGAGEE'S SALE.
5 Subdivisions of Section 53 and 54, Fernwood Estate; 7 Subdivisions of Section 53 and 54, Fernwood Estate.
WEDNESDAY, June 14.
Sale at Naval Yard, Esquimalt.
THURSDAY, June 15.
Closing out Sale at Messrs. A. B. Gray & Co.'s, on the premises, corner Wharf St. and Bastion Square; Balance Stock of Liquors, Cigars, Etc.
THURSDAY, June 15.
Balance of McLean Stock of Goods, Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Etc., removed to upper story of Messrs. A. B. Gray & Co.'s premises for convenience of sale.
Particulars at Later Date.
JOSHUA DAVIES,
AUCTIONEER. m9

THE JAPANESE BAZAAR.
Matting, Rugs, Blinds, Cotton Crepe for Drapes
Few Tree Pæonies, Cheap Flower Pots, all sizes and kinds.
T. S. FUTCHER,
Importer and Retailer.
41 FORT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

THE STANLEY HOUSE
GENERAL DRY GOODS.
55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST.,
COR. OF FORT ST.
NEW DRESS GOODS
NEW DRESS GOODS
NEW DRESS GOODS
NEW SILKS
NEW SILKS
NEW SILKS
NEW CHALLIES
NEW CHALLIES
NEW CHALLIES
NEW PRINTS
NEW PRINTS
NEW PRINTS
NEW HOSIERY
NEW HOSIERY
NEW HOSIERY
NEW GLOVES
NEW GLOVES
NEW GLOVES
NEW TRIMMINGS
NEW TRIMMINGS
NEW TRIMMINGS
NEW MILLINERY
NEW MILLINERY
NEW MILLINERY
NEW MANTLES
NEW MANTLES
NEW MANTLES
NEW BLOUSES
NEW BLOUSES
NEW BLOUSES
60 CASES OF NEW GOODS
Opened up in all Departments. Personally Selected by our Mr. Hampson while in Europe, and all marked at our usual Low Cash Prices.
BARGAINS & SPECIALTIES
In all Departments.
W. S. Hampson & Co.

NAKUSP
SLOCAN MINES
The Eldorado of British Columbia
All the ore output now assured to Nakusp by the immediate construction of the NAKUSP & SLOCAN RAILWAY, which will start at Nakusp and end at the Forks of Carpenter Creek, directly in the centre of the Slocan Mines.
No Other Route can Possibly Compete
Thirty-five miles of Railway from Nakusp will tap the whole of the Mines of the Slocan District, and the ores are bound to come out BY THE NATURAL GATEWAY, VIA NAKUSP, to the general welfare and prosperity of the Province.
Look at the Map.
A Provincial Railway Charter and subsidy and a Dominion Railway Charter have been obtained for the Nakusp & Slocan Railway, and the Canadian Pacific Co. have entered into an agreement to lease and operate the Railway for 25 years. There can be no doubt as to the importance of NAKUSP, the Gateway of the Slocan Country, either from the North or South, and the principal shipping and distributing point for all the district tributary to Slocan Lake.
Concentrators and Samplers
Now in contemplation, consequent on the definite settlement of the Railway question. The Nakusp & Slocan Railway will be built with a rush right into the heart of the Mines. See Wardner's and other experts' estimates of the production of Slocan Mines in the press. All this now assured is directly tributary to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway.
LOTS WILL BE PUT ON THE MARKET ON APRIL 20th AT OLD PRICES, BUT WILL BE ADVANCED 20 PER CENT ON MAY 1st.
RAND BROS.,
General Agents, Vancouver, B.C.
LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,
Agents, VICTORIA.

ONE BETTER.
Lacrosse or Base Ball and Bat
GIVEN AWAY
With Every BOY'S SUIT,
AT
S. REID'S, 122 Government St.

TROUT LAKE CITY
WEST KOOTENAY, B.C.
THE ABOVE TOWNSITE IS NOW ON THE MARKET. It is situated on the North end of Trout Lake in the famous Lardeau Country, which is going to be one of the richest mining regions in America. Numerous rich claims have been found close to this Townsite, which will make it the distributing point for an immense tract of Country. It is the only level land on the North end of the Lake. The trail from Lardeau City, on Arrow Lake, to Kootenay Lake, runs through the Townsite. The owners intend to expend money on Streets and other improvements in the spring.
For the next 30 days Lots will be sold for $150 for corners, $100 for insides.
For further particulars apply to
H. ASHBY & CO., At the Head Office, Nelson, B. C.
HENRY CROFT, Victoria, B. C.

Weiler Bros.
NEW GOODS JUST ARRIVED.
White Swiss Embroidered Muslins for Curtains.
Fine Cream Nets for Curtains. "Brussels Designs."
"Libertys"—Figured Crepe Cloths, for Drapery Work, etc.
Silks, Figured and Plain—Choice Colors and Designs.
Art Muslins in great variety, from 10c. per yard.
New Patterns in Union Art Squares.
Large Addition to Carpet Stock.
LADIES CALL AND SEE THESE NEW GOODS.
Show Rooms: 51 to 55 Fort Street.